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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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SHAW UNMASKS BEVIN'S OFFER TO INDIA

End Of National Govt. In Britain

Churchill To Form 'Caretaker' Cabinet

Parliament To Be Dissolved On June 15

LONDON, May 23. (Reuter): Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill has resigned.

An official announcement from No. 10, Downing Street, says, Mr. Churchill resigned after an audience with the King at noon to-day.

Churchill Reappointed

The King accepted Mr. Churchill's resignation and reappointed him Prime Minister to form a new administration, says an announcement from No. 10 Downing Street.

It is announced from No. 10 Downing Street tonight that parliament is to be dissolved onJune 15.

British Delegates' Position Not Affected

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23 (Reuter).—It was officially stated here that "the resignation of the British Cabinet does not affect the position of the British Delegation here and no one has even remotely considered the possibility of members of the British delegation resigning from it," cables Reuter's special correspondent.

End Of National Govt.

With the Prime Minister Mr. Churchill's resignation, the National Government has come to an end. All offices have now become vacant.

Reuter's political correspondent, Fraser Wighton, reports: It is certain that the King will ask Mr. Churchill, as the head of the largest party in the existing House of Commons, to form a "caretaker" Government to carry on the business of the country pending the General Election, which cannot take place before July 5, at the earliest.

It is now certain that the Prime Minister Mr. Churchill will meet Parliament next Tuesday—after the Whitsuntide recess—with his new Government. The personnel of the new Government is not expected to be known before the week-end though the Prime Minister's plans are understood to be well in hand. It may be impossible for Mr. Churchill by next Tuesday to fill the number of minor Government offices, but he may telescope and combine some departments temporarily.

Task For Churchill

Mr. Churchill has a big task in hand in reconstituting the Cabinet and Government. By the dissolution he loses three Labour War Cabinet Ministers—the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, the Minister of Labour Mr. Ernest Bevin, the virtual dictator of Britain's 22 million war manpower and the Home Secretary and Home Security Minister Mr. Herbert Morrison.

Ministers certain to be retained in Mr. Churchill's Government include the powerful non-party figures the Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir John Anderson, the War Minister Sir James Grigg (both former high civil servant personages), Reconstruction Minister Lord Woolton, Supply Minister Sir Andrew Duncan and the War Transport Minister Lord Leathers, three "big business men" brought into Government to help the war effort

Winston Churchill

2,000 CANDIDATES FOR ELECTION

LONDON, May 23. (Reuter): Nearly 2,000 candidates are lining up for the British General Election behind 3 strongly contrasted political leaders any one of whom may be the Prime Minister in 6 weeks' time, cables Reuter's political correspondent.

Sinclair Liberals will throw into the fight approximately 300 candidates.

Election finds the Liberals the most unprepared of the three major parties

AZAD SUFFERING FROM TOOTH TROUBLE

BANKURA, May 22 (A.P.I.): Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President who is under detention here, is suffering from tooth trouble and is under the treatment of a dental surgeon.

Zafrullah On War Crimes Tribunal

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, May 22.

I understand that Sir Mahomed Zafrullah Khan's present visit to Britain is connected with the setting up of the court for trial of Nazi war criminals.

He is expected to hold an exceptionally high post.

Rift In Anglo-U. S. Relations

Echo Of Eisenhower's Rebuke Against "Coddling The Germans"

LONDON, May 23 (U.P.I.)—"Instead of an Anglo-American bloc against Russia there is a rift in Anglo-American relations. British diplomacy is at the bottom of all nasty goings on at San Francisco," writes the American "Daily Worker" commenting on the San Francisco Conference.

The paper cites General Eisenhower's rebuke against coddling the Germans, which is "most marked in North-West Germany under Field Marshal Montgomery."

Concluding the paper says, "that Russo-American relations are more important than an Anglo-American Bloc.

Birla On His Delegation's Tour Programme

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter) Mr.G. D. Birla told Reuter to-day that the letter he had received from Gandhiji before he left India was a purely personal one and contained Gandhiji's blessing of his mission.

Discussing plans for the future Mr. Birla said the party of industrialists now in Britain would be divided into two sections, one headed by Mr. Tata and the other by himself.

"I expect to leave London about the third or fourth June for 10 days, tour of Britain during which I shall study the latest methods of production and scientific research", he said.

The parties would then return to London and go to America for a six weeks' tour and come back to London for another month and then go back to India.

"The experiences and impressions gained during our tours of Britain and America will be carried back with us for the benefit of India", Mr. Birla added.

TRIESTE CLAIM: BOSSES

F. M. Sir Harold R. L. G. Alexander, Supreme Commander, Allied Mediterranean Theatre, and Marshal Tito (Right) of the Yugoslav Army of National Liberation who have been staging a Tug-of-War over Trieste.

Vallabhbhai Refused Private Medical Aid

CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE MEMBER IN DETENTION SUFFERS FROM STOMATITIS

Son Challenges Government's Contention

BOMBAY, May 23. (A. P. I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who is detained in the Yeravada Central Jail, recently suffered from stomatitis for a few days during which he took only fruit juice. He has now resumed his usual diet and his general health is good.

This is revealed by the Home Department of the Bombay Government in a communication to Mr. Dahyabhai Patel.

NOT ALLOWED TO CONSULT DR. GHARPURE

The communication which bears yesterday's date also says that Sardar's request for permission to consult Dr. Gharpure of Poona was refused by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bombay, as security prisoners are not allowed to consult private doctors.

Son's Challenge To Govt.

Referring to this, his son Mr. Dahyabhai Patel says: "Government's statement that Security Prisoners are not allowed to consult private doctors is utterly untrue as I myself know that during my one year's stay in Poona, several political prisoners who desired were allowed to consult Dr. Gharpure who is by far the best surgeon available in Poona. In fact, Government make arrangements for their transport to the Sassoon Hospital and back for the purpose and that arrangement continues even today."

****

ASAF ALI RELEASED ON HEALTH GROUNDS

NEW DELHI, May 23. (A.P.I.):—The Government of India have decided to release Mr. Asaf Ali on grounds of health, says a Press Note.

He has recently been suffering from an illness which, being of a nervous origin, is less likely to respond to treatment satisfactorily so long as he is kept in detention. He is, therefore, being released unconditionally.

****

KRIPALANI COMPLAINS

KARACHI, May 23. (U.P.I.): It is understood that complaint of inordinate delay in receiving letter from his relatives in Karachi has been made by Acharya Kripalani in a letter written last month to his sister, Shrimati Kikiben. He is reported to have stated that if Karachi letters take so long to reach him he then will have to stop writing letters.

It is further understood that he has complained of receiving torn newspapers also. He has protested to the authorities in this connection.

He is reported to have stated that if matters go on like this, then letters, newspapers, and interviews all will have to be given up.

Another thing about which Acharya Kripalani is understood to have complained in the letter is various noises in prison here as opposed to the quietness of the Aga Khan's Palace and the Ahmednagar Fort.

SYRIAN PREMIER DENOUNCES

FRANCE'S ATTEMPT TO WIN PRIVILEGED POSITION

Out To Press For Special Treaty!—Is Britain Behind Latest Flare-Up In Middle East?

From S. A. SABAVALA,
"Chronicle" Special Representative

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.

THE PRIME MINISTER OF SYRIA DENOUNCED AS AN ACT OF AGGRESSION AND COERCION THE RECENT SENDING OF SENEGALESE TROOPS BY FRANCE INTO SYRIA AND THE LEBANON, THE NUMBER OF THESE TROOPS ALTHOUGH SMALL IS GROWING, HE SAID, AND BESIDES THEIR TERRORIST ACTIVITIES, WHICH HAVE CAUSED LOSS OF LIFE AND BLOODSHED, THEY REPRESENT AN ATTEMPT ON THE PART OF FRANCE TO WIN FOR HERSELF A PRIVILEGED POSITION IN THESE TWO COUNTRIES.

He also disclosed that France was pressing for a Special Treaty which would guarantee naval and air bases for safeguarding French imperial interest. The Prime Minister concluded with expressing his surprise at the fact that France was attempting to use the arbitrament of brute force instead of the reign of law. The Lebanese Delegation was also present.

Several French newspapermen attempted to establish that Britain was behind this latest flare-up in the Middle East and that her troops were building permanent barracks in Syria for a prolonged stay. The Premier refuted this, and maintained that all foreign troops were in Syria and the Lebanon for the purpose of the global war only contrary to France which was trying to infiltrate a new army of occupation, the reborn French Government, reborn through the efforts of these very same people, now takes its place among the Imperial powers of the world! O TEMPORA! O MORES!

ANOTHER SEMI-NAKED PARADE

RAJSHAHI, May 22 (A.P.I.): About 600 semi-naked men and women from the Paba and Haragram areas of the Sadar sub-division marched to the office of the District Food Controller demanding cloth. The Controller gave the demonstrators a patient hearing and assured them that he would supply cloth to them very shortly.

The demonstrators then left the office and paraded the streets of the town shouting slogans of food and cloth scarcity.

Freedom, Year By Year "Not Much"

"Let Indians Manage As Best As They Can'

BLACKPOOL, May 23, (Reuter): The Labour Leader Mr. Ernest Bevin outlining his party's Foreign Policy at the annual conference here today said, "If we are returned, we will close the India Office and transfer this business to the Dominions. That very act will give confidence that they are no longer governed from Whitehall".

DID INDIA REGRET IT

The Labour Party, he declared, had struggled hard to get the Cripps' proposals accepted and he had a feeling that India regretted that she did not accept them. "I say to my Indian friends: if you get a Labour Government do not try more pressure on us than you did on other people. We are ready to settle this problem. I am convinced that India must approach her responsibilities by the process of unwritten constitution. There is so much legality in India that when you get down to write it, you never get an agreement.

"MORE AND MORE YEAR BY YEAR"?

"I would add year by year to the India Government more and more responsibility. Money lending has been the curse of India as is has been the curse of any country where poverty is hard. Young men who come to Oxford and Cambridge and learn our British habits have not been of much use to us when they returned to India".

Mr. Bevin said he was convinced that with India's speedy and her development of self-government and a better understanding with Britain, she could enter into arrangements that would make it worth while for her as well as for Britain and for mutual defence to remain in the British Commonwealth.

"TRUE REPRESENTATIVE OF COMMON WORKINGMAN"

LONDON, May 23.

The declaration by Labour Leader Mr. Ernest Bevin at Blackpool to-day that if Labour returned to power at the forthcoming election, they would "close the India Office and transfer business to the Dominions office" aroused lively interest in political circles in England.

Mr. Pulin B. Seal, Chairman of the Committee of Indian Congressmen, told Reuter this afternoon, "I have been telling my friends in India for the last few months that the international position and the pressure of the United Nations would bring about far-reaching changes in Indo-British relations".

Mr. Seal added "Britain cannot interfere or say anything regarding the Status of Poland, Austira, Yugoisavia or the rest of Europe, until she herself has conceded to India that freedom for which her ex-servicemen—and the servicemen of India—have fought and died.

"Mr. Bevin, who is a true representative of the common working man of Britain, knows this more than any one else. It is fitting that he should categorically declare without any qualifications that the first thing the Labour Government in Britain would do would be to dissolve the India Office and transfer its work to the Dominions' office.

"When we have state our claims to independence, we have always made it clear that we want to cooperate with the free peoples of the world and that we are prepared to join in any struggles with the free peoples of the world.

"Mr. Bevin realises that an independent India is of greater help to Britain in the international situation than an India which is ruled by decrees whose political leaders are imprisoned without trial and a Government which has not the consent of the people".

"SOUNDS EXCELLENT"!

Mr. G. D. Birla, India's Industrial Magnate, now in London, was less optimistic. "Mr. Bevin's promises sound excellent', he commented, but let the Labour Party come to power first.

SYMBOLICAL GESTURE

Lord Hailey told Reuter: "I have always regarded a transfer of India to the Dominions Office as a gesture which might have some symbolical value but not likely to affect the substance of the matter at issue. I reflect that the hated Dominions Office is still in Whitehall—and so long as parliamentary control remains in any form, we are still likely to hear as before of domination from Whitehall.

"As for fulfilment of the policy held out by the Cripps Mission, I speak as one who belongs to no party and has taken no share in party politics and I cannot see any less desire on the part of the more advanced Conservatives and Liberals than on that of Labour to see that policy fulfilled.

"In effect, I think the great mass of people in England would be willing to bid godspeed to any party that could see a successful solution on the lines laid down by that Mission.

Lord Hailey added: "But I think that we all alike deplore the fact that the near India draws to responsible government the great is the reluctance shown by some Indian lea-

(Continued on page 5)

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NEW YORK, May 23.

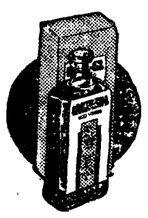
Previous Closing	22.42
Today's Opening	22.40
Difference	—02
Today's Closing	22.42
Difference	Nil

STOP PRESS

TOKYO BOMBED

NEW YORK, May 23 (Reuter).—The Tokyo Radio Broadcast tonight said that 200 "Superfortresses" raided the Japanese capital and its surroundings early on Thursday morning (Japanese time). The report added: "Incendiaries were dropped as Japanese fighters strove to intercept the raiders. Up to 03-00 hours ten or more had been shot down.

GOD FORBID.....



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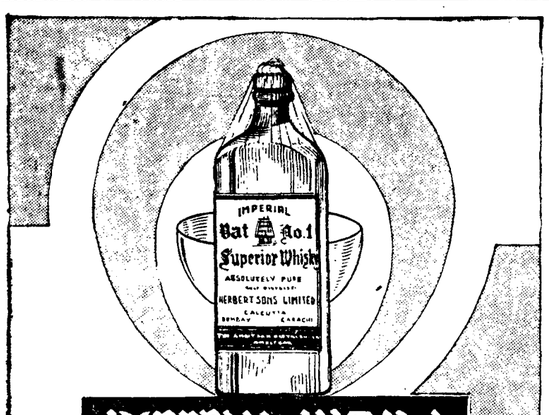

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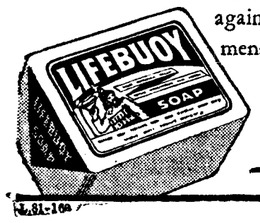

Lifebuoy is more than a good soap—it's a good habit

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American Liaison And Supply Tell

Story Of Japanese Defeat In Hunan

CHUNGKING, May 21. (U.P.A.): American tactical planning and advice combined with the revitalized spirit of the Chinese troops engaged in the battle are credited as the major factors in the defeat of the Japanese drive across the heart of mountainous region of Hunan Province aimed at the vital airbase city of Chihkiang on the Hunan-Kweichow border writes Walter Rundle, United Press of America correspondent.

The threat to Chihkiang, which is at least temporarily removed by a sixty-five mile Chinese advance after reeling back nearly ninety miles under the initial impact, was the main thrust of three Japanese spring drives which were begun with a threefold purpose firstly, to widen the Japanese corridor bisecting China from north to south along the Peiping-Hankow and Hankow-Canton railways; secondly, to eliminate U.S Fourteenth Air Force bases in the belt three hundred miles west of that corridor as a protection against constant air harassment of Japan's critical land communications; and thirdly, to put a crimp in the recently inaugurated American programme of training and equipping select Chinese forces as a core for an army which may be used in the eventual counter-attack.

The other two Japanese threats, which have not yet gained real momentum, centre at the Yellow River bend in western Honan Province aimed at the airbase city of Sian in central Shensi Province and south of the Liuchow-Kweiyang railway in north-western Kwangsi Province aimed at Posih.

Both Chinese and American forces, while highly pleased with the success scored in the Hunan campaign, warn that on all three fronts the Japanese still retain an offensive potential if they are willing to expend the necessary forces.

On the Chihkiang front, the Japanese are still holding in reserve in the Hengyang area a major portion of an estimated eighty thousand troops massed in the area. For two months, the Japanese have been massing men and equipment in the Yellow River bend where a new offensive is considered possible at any time. The southernmost threat was a drive which jumped off from Hochih—base to which the Japanese withdrew after last December's abortive drive toward Kweiyang. It involved only a small force which was promptly contained by the Chinese but it is backed by a substantial force of well equipped Japanese troops.

While the Chinese in Hunan Province were partially equipped with American arms, the biggest factor in the victory was their unusual offensive spirit which was said to be caused by an American supervised service of supply which assured officers and men an adequate supply of ammunition for their small arms and limited artillery, close American 'liaison' which helped develop flanking rear attacks which cut off pocketed Japanese troops, 14th Air Force support which offset the Chinese shortage of artillery and finally, an adequate food supply drawn from the nearby Tung Ting Lake area, "the ricebowl of China."

It must be remembered that this Chinese victory, while important, is a strictly limited local action which in no way represents the beginning of a major offensive. American observers describe it as an "offensive defense". They are well pleased with the Chinese accomplishment in inflicting over eleven thousand casualties on the Japanese and if they can, as it appears, save the Chihkiang airbase, both the Chinese and Americans will be well satisfied with the results.

A simultaneous attack on the Port of Foochow in Fukien province also represents a restricted local action by guerrillas and some regular troops who took advantage of the Japanese reduction in strength there. The Japanese presumably concluded that Foochow was an unlikely spot for an Allied landing and shifted part of their garrison elsewhere. Over a thousand miles separate Foochow from any main body of Chinese forces and while Chinese possession of such a port may eventually be useful, at this stage it has slight significance.

What Next In The Pacific?

(By Alexander Kiralfy, American Military Commentator)

To the United States Navy the liberation of Manila spelled more than the freeing of the capital of the Philippines and the avenging of Bataan. It meant more than securing command of the South China Sea and the bringing of the war closer to Tokyo. It signified that our three-year campaign in the South-West Pacific had come to a close.

We have already begun the campaigns of the West Pacific and of the China Sea. In due time these will be expanded to include the North-West Pacific, where Japan, herself, lies.

The main point to bear in mind is that the stage of sharp, "inshore" continental fighting has started. We have come to close grips with "unisolated" Japanese. The significance of this development was fittingly brought out by the establishment of American naval "Advance Headquarters, Forward Area", on the island of Guam, far to the west of Hawaii. Inshore fighting calls for constant nearby direction. It requires a new kind of strategy and the most careful attention to our tactics. It is one thing to look at names on maps—names such as Hong Kong, Formosa, and Tokyo Bay. It is something else to get our warships and amphibious craft there

ON OUR FLANKS

Of course, important mopping-up remains to be done in the rear areas in order to deprive the Japanese of submarine and air bases on our flanks and rear. Great feats remain to be accomplished on the ocean, against the strong enemy outposts between Saipan and Tokyo Bay; against the Kuriles and the Pacific coasts of Formosa, Japan, and the intervening islands. But from our present and future bases in and near the Philippines, our operations promise to fall largely into the category of inshore continental attack. This implies naval, air and amphibious assault, not upon islands where the Japanese are isolated, but upon Japanese-dominated Asia, and upon islands such as Formosa which are so close to the continent and to Japan that they cannot properly be called islands at all.

When is a Japanese-held island not an island? The answer to that question will tell us the difference between offshore and inshore fighting, between our pre-Luzon and post-Luzon strategy and tactics. First let us consider the characteristics of an island, in the military sense. From an up-to-date naval operational standpoint, an island is a piece of water-locked land that can be almost completely cut off by a normal naval-air blockade. Ordinarily a Japanese base must be more than a night's streaming distance from the nearest of their friendly bases, for then Japanese transports and supply ships heading for it may well be discovered and sent to the bottom by our bombing and shell-fire. Then again, such an island must not be within operational flying range of large Japanese air-base areas which we cannot quickly dominate. When we decide to attack such an island, we institute the necessary blockade. This insures that its garrisons and armaments will not be increased during the operation. We attack not all the strength the enemy can throw into the piece of land, but only the strength that is there at the time our blockade begins.

STRONG JAPANESE BASES

That is what happened in the Philippines, from Leyte to Luzon. The southern angles of this triangular archipelago are not close to strong Japanese bases. Our land-based aircraft dominated the south-eastern angle. The northern corner, Luzon, is 220 miles south of Formosa, 375 miles south-east of China, and a thousand miles from Japan. These are long distances from a blockading standpoint, particularly since Formosa is not behind Luzon, meaning farther away from us, but on the ocean flank of the big Philippine island, and hence a good target for our aircraft carriers. Our task forces therefore experienced no difficulty in preventing the Japanese from reinforcing the Philippines by ship. Their air reinforcement line ran from Japan through the Ryukyu Islands to Formosa, and thence to Luzon. By striking at them from the Ryukyu to Luzon, we broke the enemy's aerial communications as well. After our aircraft carrier task forces thus isolated the Philippines generally, they secured command of the skies over the islands and, under cover of naval artillery, we landed in Leyte. Next, by isolating the Japanese among the scores of Philippine islands, and profiting by the elements of surprise that goes hand-in-hand with naval-amphibious operations, we moved on to Mindoro, and thence to Lingayen Gulf and other landing places in the Philippines.

JODHPUR BOMB CASES

Disappointment In State Over Prisoners' Non-Release

The Secretary of the Marwar Lok Parishad has issued a statement in the course of which it is said that the recent decision of the Council regarding the political prisoners involved in what are called 'Bomb' cases, has thrown a wave of utter disappointment in the city of Jodhpur. These prisoners were recently taken to the office of the Inspector-General of Police, Jodhpur, to give detailed statements of their party activities and were assured through Mr. Gangadas Vyas, of their release. The statements having been over, the Inspector-General is reported to have recommended the release of all the first bomb case prisoners who had stated all the facts and 3 prisoners of the second bomb case. One prisoner involved in the second bomb case refused to give any statement while the statements of the other three were not found to be complete in accordance with the instructions of the Police. As such the Inspector-General recommended the reduction of the latter three by half while the one who did not give any statement was recommended to undergo the full sentence of 8 years and 6 months.

The Council of State has rejected all the recommendations.

The prisoners are given treatment usually allowed to ordinary prisoners and are confined in an airless ward. Much disappointment is felt in Jodhpur because of the non-release of these young men even after they had made a clean breast of their past activities.

GHADIALI CASE

Souder Gives Evidence For U. S. Govt.

NEW YORK, May 22 (Reuter): When further hearing of the United States Government case against Dr. Dinshah P. Ghadiali's Spectro-chrome machine was resumed at the Brooklyn Federal Court to-day, Louis Souder, a witness testifying on behalf of the American Government, said that his son, a tuberculosis victim had showed improvement after treatment by the Bombay-born inventor's machine.

The American Government, alleging that the machine is fraud, seeks to confiscate it and prevent its manufacture.

The Assistant United States Attorney, Mr. Morris K. Siegel, said Souder's case was cited as "a remarkable cure" in a Spectro-chrome Institute leaflet three years after the boy's death.

Souder said that when his son William was taken to Ghadiali's Institute at Malaga, New Jersey, in 1927 Ghadiali pronounced him "a bad case" and said "I will try."

Souder told the court that the following morning he saw his son sitting upright on a bench in Ghadiali's garden. "I thought it was a remarkable recovery," he said, adding that the boy remained 11 weeks and came home much improved. For a time he used a coloured light machine and observed the rules in the "Home Guide" but soon tired of the rigid diet and ate and drank things prohibited in the book.

Three years later his son died.

PARROT TO SUPPORT CASE?

Ghadiali had earlier wanted to bring a parrot into the court to support his case. Acting as his own lawyer, Ghadiali was cross-examining Dr. Eimer Nelson of Washington, Chief of the Vitamin Division of Drug Administration, who had testified that the Spectro-chrome had failed to cure two guinea pigs of scurvy.

"What would you say if I told you that a parrot will die if he eats parsley? Ghadiali asked Dr. Nelson.

"I would not believe you," Nelson replied.

Task Before U. S. Oil Interests

WASHINGTON, May 23 (Reuter).—Testifying to the Senate Oil Resources Investigating Committee, Mr. Laurence Levi, Director of the Socony Vacuum Oil Co, said that foreign governments had encouraged cartel arrangements some of which were the direct result of Russia flooding the oil market at low prices in order to obtain foreign exchange. As a result "some countries had enacted legislation providing for some form of market control, others were planning to adopt such measures and still others had used pressure upon the industry to put its house in order. From all this evolved the cartel."

Mr. Levi declared that the inescapable fact was that if American companies want to continue to carry on business abroad, they must be in a position to meet in each particular country conditions existing there.

SYAMAPRASAD FOR RUSSIA

CALCUTTA, May 23 (A.P.I.)—Dr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee, President of the Post-Graduate Councils of the Calcutta University, will, it is learnt, attend the Jubilee celebrations of the Academy of Science, U.S.S.R., to be held in Moscow and Leningrad on June 15 and 25 respectively. Dr. Mookerjee has already approached the Government of India for passage facilities.

Dr. Meghnad Saha, who has also been invited to attend these functions, is also likely to leave for Moscow shortly.

Chota Nagpur Demands Separation

RANCHI, May 23 (A.P.I.)—Demand for the separation of Chota Nagpur from Bihar and for its constitution into a separate autonomous Province was made at a public meeting held here under the auspices of the Chota Nagpur Separation League, Mr. Devika Sinha presiding.

The meeting decided to send a representative deputation to wait upon the Secretary of State for India, the Governor-General of India and the Governor of Bihar in this connection.

A plenary session of the League will be held on July 10.

Karwar D.L.B. Turns Down Govt.'s Suggestion

KARWAR, May 23 (A.P.I.)—The Kanara District Local Board rejected by 14 to 5 votes the suggestion of the Commissioner of Southern Division to increase the Local Fund Cess from 1 to 1-1/2 annas. The proposal was put forward to help to improve the financial position of the Board.

It is understood that the triennial elections to the Board will be held next month and the majority of the sitting members are seeking re-election.

Restrictions On Hotels Sequel To Cholera

AHMEDNAGAR, May 23 (A.P.I.)—To prevent the spread of cholera in the district, the District Magistrate of Ahmednagar has issued an order restricting all hotels, and restaurants and shops dealing in sweets or similar other eatables from carrying on their trade for one month.

The weekly market at Ahmednagar has also been banned with the same object.

SHAFAAT AHMED'S DAUGHTER WEDS

LAHORE, May 22 (A.P.I.): The marriage of Miss Farhat Jehan, daughter of Sir Shafaat Ahmed Khan, former High Commissioner for India in South Africa was solemnised here to-day with Maj. Atiqur Rehman, son of Lt.-Col. Abdur Rahman of Allahabad.

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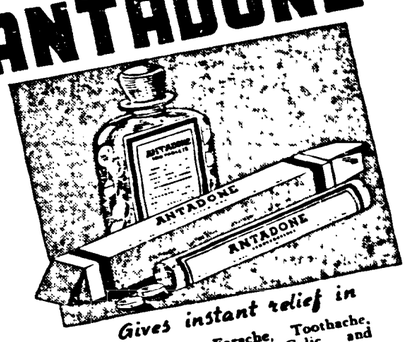

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● Chronic Diarrhoea ● Gastric Catarrh
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COMMISSIONED RANK. Candidates on appointment are commissioned in the Military Nursing Service—(India). *PAY.* A Sister draws Rs. 230/- p.m. After one year Rs. 258-11-313. After ten years Rs. 335/- p.m. These rates include an allowance for messing but quarters, furniture, fuel, light and fans are provided free. *SPECIAL INCREMENTS* of Rs. 11/- p.m. for each completed period of three years (subject to a maximum of Rs. 33/-) are admissible for previous experience. *ADDITIONAL PAY.* Is also admissible for special duties. *UNIFORM ALLOWANCES.* 1st year, Rs. 300/- 2nd year Rs. 85/- 3rd and subsequent years Rs. 150/-. *TRAVELLING CONCESSIONS.* On first appointment, candidates are entitled to travelling allowance on temporary duty scale and free conveyance of 17 maunds of baggage. On War Leave and on discharge, they are entitled to all the travelling concessions admissible to regular members of the I.M.N.S. *LEAVE.* In addition to Casual Leave, War Leave up to a maximum of 31 days (Subject to the exigencies of the service) after completion of one year's service. *OTHER CONCESSIONS.* Disability and Dependent's pensions are admissible. A bonus equal to one month's pay for each completed year of service paid, on release.

INDIAN MILITARY NURSING SERVICE (TEMPORARY)

HOW TO APPLY: **Full details and application forms may be obtained from: The Surgeons General, Inspectors General of Civil Hospitals of Provinces, The Principal Matrons of Eastern Command, Southern Army, North Western Army and Central Command Headquarters or from the Matron of the nearest Military Hospital. If you experience any difficulty, please write direct to the Director General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi.**

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishakh Shud 12, 2001.
Muslim: Jamadil Akher 11, 1364.
Parsi: Ader 23, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-2 a.m., Sunset: 8-9 p.m.
Hightide 11-48, 23-22.
Lowtide 5-07, 17-23.

To-day's Engagements

CONGRESS WORKERS' TRAINING CAMP MATUNGA: To-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. Dr. Bharathan Kumarappa of Wardha will speak on "Gandhian Economics" at Jain Boarding, Matunga.

B. P. HINDU STUDENTS' FEDERATION: Meeting of the Working Committee of the Federation at 9-15 p.m. at 239, Girgaum Road.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY: Lecture by Mr. A. S. Trollip on "The Traffic Problem of Bombay" at 6-30 p.m. at B.E.S.T. Conference Hall. Mr. U. M. Mirchandani, Municipal Commissioner will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Beginner's class for ladies at Jehangir Wadia Building, 5 p.m.

LECTURE: "Poems of Poet Khabardar" will be the subject of a lecture by Miss Shroff at 6-15 p.m. at Waudby Road, Alexandra Girls' School Hall.

KHADI & VILLAGE INDUSTRIES EXHIBITION:—A concert will be given by 'Sangeet Ratna" Gayanacharya Kashinath Pant Phatak at Kamgar Maidan, Parel. at 9 p.m. today.

"VICTORY IN BURMA" will be broadcast in the North American Service at 10 a.m. (I.S.T.), today (Thursday) on 49.41 and 30 metre bands.

CORPORATION STANDING COMMITTEE: The next weekly meeting of the Standing Committee will be held here on Thursday, the 31st May, 1945, at 2-30 p.m. (Bombay Time) instead of on Wednesday, the 30th May, 1945, as usual.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION: All classes of telegrams to New Delhi and Northern India are subject to heavy delay.

ARTILLERY FIRING: Practice will take place in Bombay on June 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19 20 21 22 26 and 29.

BOMBAY TELUGU EDUCATION FUND: Poor students of the Telugu community resident in Bombay Presidency intending to take aid from the above Fund should apply to the Hon. Secretaries, Dr. B. R. Nayan, 69, Kamathipura 3rd St., or S. V. Pupala, 11, Kamathipura 6th St., Bombay No, 8 on a printed form before June 20. The form can be had on application.

HEALTH & WAR FILMS: Under the auspices of the Health Department, Bombay Municipality, an exhibition of health and U.S.O.W.I. war films was held on Saturday in the compound of Goolshan Mahal, Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim. Two thousand persons attended the show. The film on Malaria was very much appreciated by the gathering. It was followed by war films giving a bird's eye-view of the entire war culminating in the defeat of Germany on May 8.

GRIEVANCES OF MUSLIM DEALERS: Mr. J. K. Thakore, Provincial Textile Controller, met members of the All-India Muslim Chamber of Commerce and other Muslims concerned with Textile Trade on Tuesday. Replying to a representation made to him embodying the grievances of the Muslim dealers in the city and in the Presidency, Mr. Thakore assured that his department would give sympathetic and prompt attention. Various problems including the position of weavers, dyers, approved cloth shops and rationing of cloth were discussed. There was a large gathering. Mr. Mohamed Taher, Vice-President of the Chamber, welcomed the guest.

Potatoes Price Again Goes Down

From Friday (May 25), potatoes will be available at one anna per lb. at all Government Grain Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District and the Government Godown at DeLisle Road. Bulk purchasers who purchase not less than one full bag will get the usual trade allowance of 1 1/2 extra per quarter with free gunny bag.

Electrical Exams.

An examination for Electrical Supervisors and Wiremen will be held simultaneously in Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad, beginning on July 23. Forms of application can be obtained from the Secretary, Licensing Board, Electrical Department, P.W.D. (Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay) and must be submitted by June 11. Applications received after that date will not be accepted.

NEW MILK CENTRE: A new evening milk distribution centre will be opened at Anandi Chawl, Shastri Hall, Grant Road. from Saturday (May 26.)

The provisions of the Bombay Agricultural Debtors Relief Act of 1939 will be extended to Lanja and Kankavli mahals, in Ratnagiri District, from June 1. The mahals will be placed within the jurisdiction of the Rajapur and Deogad Debt Adjustment Boards, respectively.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, MAY 24.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—5-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E) 8-30 G. N. Joshi. 8-45 Rajen Sarkar (Flute). 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Rangnath J. and Party. 9-30 Dadre. 9-45 Mandakini Gadre. 12-30 p.m. Hindustani Song. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 Selections. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Music. 4-20 Jagannathbuwa Purohit. 4-45 Haridas Paleja 5-0 State control and private enterprise (M). 5-15 Krishna Kulkarni. 5-35 Violin. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals. 6-0 Varieties in Kanada. 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 Matters of Moment. 6-50 Jaltarang. 7-0 Uddhottar Prashno. 7-15 AIR Chorus Party. 7-30 Mandakini Gadre. 7-45 Anant D. Vartak. 8-5 Haridas Paleja. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 Rangnath Jadhav and Party. 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 Sports (E). 10-0 Henry Barnes: Tenor. 10-10 Interlude. 10-20 Aurora Saldanha: Sopran. 10-30 Russian Music.

Sangeeta Ratna Gayanacharya Kashinath Pant Phatak who will give a concert of music at the Kamgar Maidan, Parel, to-night in connection with the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition.

SOVIET VICTORY CONFERENCE OF BOMBAY F. S. U.

To Be Held In C. J. Hall On June 22

The General Secretary of the Friends of the Soviet Union writes:-

The first conference of the Bombay Friends of the Soviet Union is scheduled to be held on June 22 and 23, the fourth anniversary of the Great Patriotic war of the Soviet Union, at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall. The conference is entitled "The Soviet Victory Conference" and will symbolise Bombay's greetings to the heroic people of the Soviet Union, their invincible Red Army and their great leader Marshal Stalin, on their victory.

The programme of the conference will be as follows:

June 21: (1) Opening of the exhibition of paintings by Bombay's artists prominent among them being Sjts. Bendre, Mali, Kelkar, Rao, Jog. Chittoproshad, Ara, Reddy and Bhatt and Miss A. Trindad. This exhibition will be a tribute of Bombay's artists to the Soviet people and especially to Soviet artists. (2) A two-hour cultural entertainment programme which Poet Harindranath Chattopadhyaya and Smt. Sunalini Devi will organise, in aid of the conference. Admission rates will be announced later.

June 22: Homage through songs and poems; inaugural speeches and the presidential address.

June 23: Resolutions and elections of next years executive.

June 24: Private morning show of a new Soviet film entitled "Partisans", story-form, and dubbed in English, for delegates and invitees. The film is being given to us by the Soviet Film Distributors, Bombay. Time and place of show will be announced later.

In view of the forthcoming conference:

(1) All members are requested to enrol themselves as delegates at the nearest F.S.U. centre. Last day for enrolment will be June 15.

(2) All old members are requested to renew their membership by paying their subscription for the next year. Last day for such renewal will be June 15.

(3) All members, sympathisers and friends are requested to collect donations and contribute personally towards the conference. The Soviet Victory Conference of the Bombay F.S.U. has to be a success worthy of the victory itself as also worthy of Bombay.

REVISED RATES OF DEARNESS ALLOWANCE

Revised rates of dearness allowance for whole-time, daily-rated staff have been approved by the Government of Bombay.

In Bombay City, the Bombay Suburban District, Ahmedabad City and Cantonment, Nikol, Vasna, Acher and Sabarmati areas and other places within a radius of five miles of Ahmedabad post office, Poona City and Suburban municipal areas and Cantonment, Ganeshkhind and other places within a radius of five miles of Poona railway station; and in the towns of Thana and Kalyan, the allowance will be Rs. 20 for those whose wages for a full month are below Rs. 40, and Rs. 22, or 17 1/2 per cent, whichever is greater, for those whose monthly wages are Rs. 40 to Rs. 250, inclusive. The daily allowances will be, respectively 13 annas 3 pies and 14 annas 9 pies, or 17 1/2 per cent of the daily wages whichever is greater. For all other places, the allowance for those whose monthly wages are below Rs. 40 will be Rs. 16, and for those drawing Rs. 40 to Rs. 200, inclusive, it will be Rs. 18, or 17 1/2 per cent of the month's wages, whichever is greater The daily allowance will be respectively 10 annas 9 pies and 12 annas, or 17 1/2 per cent of the daily wages, whichever is greater.

PADDY BECOME RATIONED ARTICLE

Paddy (rice in husk) has been reclared by the Government of Bombay to be a rationed article in several rationed areas in the Province.

The areas and the dates of enforcement of the declaration are: Surat Municipal Borough, Rander Municipal District and other rationed areas in the Surat District, May 20; Poona City, Poona Suburban Municipal Boroughs and Poona and Kirkee Cantonments, May 21; Nasik Municipal Borough and allied areas, May 21; Lonavla, Talegaon-Dabhade, Dhond, Baramati and Junnar rationed areas, June 1.

B. N. Vaidya On Secondary Education Board

The Bombay Provincial Secondary Teachers' Federation (now known as the Bombay Provincial Federation of Secondary Teachers' Associations) having elected Mr. B. N. Vaidya, Principal of the Indian Education Society's King George High School at Dadar, as its representative on the Board of Secondary Education, the Government of Bombay has appointed him to the Board for the triennium which commenced on March 10.

Results Of M.B.B.S. And Other Medical Exams.

The following candidates have passed the medical degree examinations of the Bombay University held in April 1945:

I M.B.B.S. EXAM RESULTS

PASS Nos: 1 6 7 8 11 14 20 22 23 25 29 34 35 36 39 40 43 44 52 53 59 61 63 70 73 74 76 81 83 85 90 92 93 95 96 97 99 105 109 110 111 112 113 114 116 117 123 126 129 130 131 132 133 136 140 141 143 146 147 148 156 157 159 161 169 172 173 178 180 181 182 183 184 185 190 198 202 206 210 211 214 220 229 230 234 236 240 244 248 251 252 253 254.

The Scholarships have been awarded as under:—

1. The Sir James Fergusson Scholarship in Medicine to No. 159.
2. The Lady Reay Medical Scholarship to No. 159.
3. The Dr. Yeshwant Govind Nadgir Scholarship to No. 159.

In the Supplementary result announced at 1 P.M. the following have passed:

SUPPLEMENTARY RESULTS.

Numbers:—10 24 60 64 115 228 241

II M.B.B.S. RESULTS.

PASS Nos: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 28 31 32 33 34 35 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 86 87 88 89 91 92 93 95 96 97 98 99 100 102 103 104 105 108 110 111 112 113 114.

The Scholarship and Prize have been awarded as under:—

The Bai Ratanbai R. Lentin Scholarship to No 6.

The Manorama Vijayraj Hazarat Prize to No. 6.

(I) M. D. EXAMINATION.

The following candidates have passed the Examination:—

NOS: 2 5 11 18 25 29 31 34.

(II) M. S. EXAMINATION.

NOS: 2 6.

(III) D. P. H. EXAMINATION

NUMBER: 4.

(IV) D. O. EXAMINATION

NOS: 2 3.

"Times" Storm Fund

The Administrative Board of the "Times of India" Storm Fund Pensions Scheme, proposed to the Government of Bombay that special additional pensions at the rate of half the existing pensions, should be paid to approved pensioners who are, by reason of old age or physical infirmity, unable to work and have no other means of support. The proposal has been approved by the Government, which has increased its grant-in-aid to the Pensions Cheme for the payment of pensions during the current year.

NAGPUR: 6,912 candidates appeared and 3,641 passed the Matriculation Examination yielding 52.7 per cent result as against 53.6 per cent of last year.

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13TH WEEK AT
NEW WEST END

The Team that pleases the public
SHANTA APTE
(Courtesy: S. A. Concerns)
MOTILAL
in SANJIVAN ARTS'
SAWAN
FOURTH WEEK
SUPER
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Booking 9 to 11 & 4 to 6.
An Evergreen Release.

TIME
has lent an
EMBELLISHMENT
to
Their LOVE
making it
MOST LOVED
of ALL LOVES
PANCHOLI ARTS

SHIRIN-FARHAD

RAGINI, JAYANT
FOURTH WEEK
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
Booking 9 a.m. to 12 noon and 3 to 7 p.m.
A Prakash Evergreen Release

SHE CHERISHED THE DREAM OF LOVE
Which he forgot
FAMOUS FILM
PHOOL
Veena, Sitara, Prithviraj, Yakub
Durga Khote
4TH WEEK
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Booking 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6
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CHAND
AT
KRISHNA
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BHARATHARI
SURENDRA, MUMTAZ SHANTI AROON
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MILLION RUPEE HISTORICAL

Humayun

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Music: GHULAM HYDER
Sound: KAUSHIK
Scenario & Dialogues: AGHA JANI KASHMIRI

Starring:
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*VEENA, NARGIS,
*CHANDRAMOHAN,
*HIMALAYAWALLA,
*K. N. SINGH,
*MAJID,
*YUSUF EFFENDI & SHAH NAWAZ
& A Cast of 1000.

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ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 23.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures, rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from January 1, 1945, and departure from normal recorded at 09.00 hours on 23rd May 1945.

Ahmedabad 103 79 0 0.3 Minus 0.2 Allahabad 107 86 0 2.0 Minus 0.6 Amraoti 111 84 0 1.4 Minus 0.3 Bangalore 91 68 0 1.33 Minus 5.9 Baroda 102 81 0 0.5 nil Belgaum 90 71 0 2.0 Minus 1.5 BOMBAY 92 81 0 0.8 Plus 0.5 Calcutta 97 82 0 7.4 Minus 0.8 Cawnpore 107 82 0 0.8 Minus 1.1 Darjeeling 59 53 0.3 11.9 Minus 1.7 Dehra Dun 98 71 0 9.8 Plus 2.1 Delhi 102 78 0 1.5 Minus 1.6 Jacobabad 111 79 0 0.2 Minus 0.9 Karachi 90 83 0 2.0 Plus 0.6 Lahore 100 71 0 5.7 Plus 1.9 Lucknow 103 81 T 1.9 Minus 0.7 Madras 101 84 0 5.3 Plus 1.9 Mahabaleshwar 82 63 0 0.7 Minus 1 Multan 103 75 0 2.7 Plus 1.1 Mussoorie 78 61 0 5.9 Minus 5.2 Mysore 90 66 1.3 7.5 Plus 0.3 Ootacamund 74 51 1.1 4.3 Minus 7.1 Nagpur 113 89 0 2.3 Minus 0.3 Patna 98 78 0 5.4 Plus 2.7 Pachmarhi 97 80 0 4.6 Plus 2.0 Peshawar 93 66 0 4.5 Minus 3.4 Poona 96 75 0 1.7 Plus 0.6 Sholapur 106 78 0 1.1 Minus 0.4

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"Ours is nothing if not a war of principles, and we cannot afford to forsake principles even for the sake of peace. We have still to win the victory of freedom against slavery and of justice against a whole nation's wrongs.

—Moulana Mohamed Ali.

The Bombay Chronicle

BRITISH LABOUR AND INDIA

Speculation has already begun here as to how the forthcoming general elections in Britain will affect India. That India has already "shot meteor-like" into British pre-election politics is the view of "Reuter's" Parliamentary Editor and is evidenced by the sharp controversy between Prof. Laski and Mr. Amery regarding the latter's attitude towards Pakistan. The controversy is so far mainly personal and centres round certain views ascribed to Mr. Amery. But a few features of it are of more than personal or casual interest. Prof. Laski asserts that Mr. Amery told him that the Pakistan solution of the Indian problem was "wholly unacceptable to the British Government" Mr. Amery describes Prof. Laski's assertion as "wholly inaccurate" and adds that whatever he did say was part of "a purely informal conversation". Prof. Laski will probably throw more light on this point of more than personal interest is Mr. Amery's remark: "The position of His Majesty's Government in this matter has been perfectly consistent throughout, ever since the Declaration of April 1942 which still stands, laying down that no province could be compelled to come into an Indian Union against its will". Government's position will be more consistent and more straightforward if, instead of saying some times that only the broad outlines of the Declaration stand and sometimes that the whole Declaration stands, Government makes a fresh unequivocal declaration stating what still stands and what does not. Whatever may be the other merits of such a fresh Declaration, it will at least be more clear than the present uncertain position.

What is of special interest to us in connection with the British elections is the attitude of the British Labour Party as a whole to India. Addressing a Conference of the India League at Blackpool Prof. Laski stated that the Party had framed proposals demanding the immediate release of political prisoners in India and asking the Viceroy to summon either Mr. Jinnah or Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and ask either of them to form a National Government. Much depends upon what are to be the powers of the "National" Government. But we shall await the decisions of the Labour Conference at Blackpool. Mr. Ernest Bevin, outlining his Party's India policy at the Conference said: "If we are returned, we will close the India Office and transfer this business to the Dominions. That very Act will give confidence that they are no longer governed from Whitehall". Closing the India Office may be a spectacular and even useful gesture but what is important is the transfer of power to the people of India. One is not much impressed by Mr. Bevin's assurance that he "would add year by year to the India Government more and more responsibility". We must know first how much power is to be transferred immediately.

Mr. Bevin seems to fight shy of a formal transfer of power through a written constitution when he says that "India must approach her responsibilities by the process of unwritten constitution" as "there is so much legality in India that when you get down to write it, you never get an agreement". Mr. Bevin should have realised that the days of unwritten constitutions are gone and that such constitutions are appreciated only by those who are reluctant to part with power till they are compelled to do so. The Indian problem is not merely a matter of agreement between sections of the Indian people. It involves an agreement between India and Britain. The latter at least demands a written agreement, as in its absence there will be a tendency to rely more on force than on moral pressure. It is curious that Mr. Bevin urges his Indian friends not to try more pressure on Labour if it comes to power than on other parties. We do hope it will not be necessary for Indians to exert pressure on any Government and that justice will be done to us without further agitation on our part. We still hope that Labour will come to power, though in the past it has in practice aligned itself with other parties on the Indian question. We still hope that, when in power, Labour will fulfil its pledges to India and also the pledges of the British Government. If it fails to do that, it will clearly be the duty of India to resume her struggle for her rights, even if all the parties in Britain are again arrayed against her.

Frankly Speaking

Jap Admission

Further proof has come to show that the Japanese denials of peace feelers and assertion of nation-wide determination to fight to the end were not strictly according to facts. And it is quite a convincing proof too because it is furnished actually by those who made the denials. The Japanese News Agency quotes the Japanese Procurator General, Namisuki Nakana, as calling for the immediate arrest of "peace agitators". He admits that "the growing critical situation of the war has led to a tendency towards peace agitation among a portion of the populace". Since there are no organised political parties in Japan and since the militarists are determined to fight on because they lose everything either way, there is little doubt that the "peace agitation" emanates from the industrialists who want to save as much out of the wreck as possible. They are well-advised too in desiring peace because they know very well that presently the U.S.S.R. also will join the war against Japan.

An Irony

Meanwhile, an ironically paradoxical situation faces China. A United States Congressman has pointed out that in the event of Russia entering the war China will be virtually split into two States, "Chinese Communists would be allied to Russia and the Chungking Government would, in a sense, be anti-Russian". In view of the differences and antagonisms existing between Yenan and Chungking this is not an unlikely development. A split will be a tragedy for China, for both Yenan and Chungking; a tragedy which, moreover, we are sure neither America, Britain nor Russia desires. Is it not possible for the Big Three jointly to do something to save their ally?.

British Labour's Plans

Big guns of the British Labour Party have been firing preliminary salvos from their Conference platform at Blackpool. Three of them spoke on Tuesday last. Mr. Herbert Morrison and Sir Stafford Cripps, who incidentally has returned, and has been warmly welcomed, to the fold are interesting in that they outline Labour's ambition in the domestic and, rather less clearly in the international, fields. The domestic programme is not socialism. But it is designed to appeal to the common man and, broadly speaking, clarifies the issues between Labour and the Tories. It will be a rush election with the balance of advantage distinctly on the Tory side. Otherwise, in view of the post-war "revolution" in the minds of people the Labour plan, as set in opposition to that of the Tories, would have ensured success of the Labour Party. In the international sphere, it is good to find Sir Stafford Cripps declaring Labour's resolve not to tolerate "any unnecessary quarrel with our great Ally Russia" and, equally important, repudiation of any "support to Franco, the King of the Hellenes and other semi-Fascists". Full details of Labour's Foreign policy were, however, to be given on Wednesday.

Sinister Danger

A question which is of vital and urgent concern to the Middle East and to a large population in India was raised by Dr. Dalton, stated to be a favourite for the post of Foreign Minister in a Labour administration. This gentleman declared on behalf of the Labour Party that it was "morally wrong and politically undesirable" to restrict Jewish immigration into Palestine and he demanded not only that Jewish immigration should be "freely encouraged and assisted" but that the Big Three should support "a happy and prosperous free Jewish State in Palestine". It is useless to deal at any length with such a cynical and odious perversion of "morality" which justifies the robbery of a people's rights and homeland in order to be generous to the Jews of Europe. The important point is the sinister danger which Dr. Dalton's "morality" represents to the Arabs of Palestine and the challenge that it constitutes for those who proclaim their wholehearted support to, and solidarity with, the Arab cause. Labour may well win the General Election and return to office as the British Government. It is, therefore, a matter of imperative urgency that Muslim leaders in India should at once take up Dr. Dalton's challenge.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Thinking well doesn't count unless you act well.

* * *

Those who look for trouble are likely to find fault.

* * *

Men are contrary, but women are merely firm in their convictions.

* * *

A fool friend can wield a hammer as effectively as a bitter enemy.

* * *

A rolling stone gathers no moss, but there are lots of men who don't use moss in their business, anyway.

* * *

If some men expended as much energy in trying to earn a dollar as they do in trying to borrow one, they would never have need to borrow.

Millions At Mercy Of Imperialist Powers

Implication Of Egyptian Amendment Defeat Latin America's Line Up Against Russia

From S. A. SABAVALA, "Chronicle" Special Representative

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.

The defeat of the Egyptian amendment that all present mandates should come under the new Trusteeship Council will leave unsolved a tremendous problem. The league of nations inherited the legacy of the mandates.

The League is defunct, and U. N. C. I. O. refuses to take over the responsibility that leaves millions of people at the mercy of certain imperialist powers, and intensifies the already unsatisfactory international situation after weeks of vacillation, which evoked a strong nationwide protest.

A high official of the American Delegation has made it known that the United States would now be delighted to back Colonial Freedom and take the leadership in working out an agreement. U. S. is thus veering towards the strong stand taken by Russia and China to liberate all subject peoples. Britain and France continue to offer equally strong opposition—Ding-dong battle on the Chinese proposition to include the word "independence", instead of "self-government". In one of the Trusteeship clauses continues unabated. Imperialist Powers are fighting unashamedly to hold what they have and this is causing a general hold-up. If they succeed more than half the Charter is already not worth the paper it is written on.

Latin America's Line Up Against Russia

LONDON, May 23 (U.P.I.)—Contrary to optimistic reports appearing in the press here for the past 48 hours the deadlock in the World Security Conference persists. The "Evening News" correspondent, Mr. Leonard Wibberley, reports from San Francisco that 19 Latin American countries led by the Cuban delegation are lining up to say "No" to the Soviet proposals investing the "Big Five" with veto powers as stipulated at Yalta.

Mr. Wibberley adds:: "Some observers believe Russia may leave the Conference refusing to subscribe to the charter for a new world League."

Soviet Republic's Demand

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 (Reuter).—M. Dmitri Manuelisky, Chairman of the Ukrainian Delegation, speaking at a press conference on Ukraine's intention to establish diplomatic relations with other countries, said that 14 other Soviet Republics—besides Ukraine and White Russia—would seek representation in the New World Security organisation.

Compromise Trusteeship Proposal

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 (U.P.A.)—Lt. Comm. Harold Stassen, one of the U.S. delegates to the United Nations Conference, is working on a paper which eliminates the word "independence" from the international trusteeship proposals, it was learned today.

One of the U.S. delegates said that the plan Stassen will present is believed to represent the maximum area of potential agreement among the conflicting powers. The United States is believed to be anxious to agree to any revisions which the British and French will accept.

It was also learned today that the Conference will establish an interim organization before adjournment, and will fix the date and city for the first meeting of the new international league.

Meanwhile, United States delegates, although not fully satisfied with the "veto formula" concerning decision as to aggressions, said they believed that it was the best that could be obtained and hence were disappointed over the growing Latin American disapproval with it, especially since the Conference delegates had made substantial concessions to the Latin Americans on other issues.

CHICAGO, May 22 (U.P.A.)—The Chicago Tribune, today editorially denounced Lieut. Commander Harold E. Stassen's stand with the British in eliminating the word "independence" from the trusteeship proposals.

The paper said: "He (Stassen) was a Willkie satellite and Willkie represented the worst in Wall Street which is willing and anxious to make profits at the expense of the oppressed peoples of Asia."

U. S. Delegation Says "No" To Colonials

NEW YORK, May 23 (U.P.A.)—The well-known syndicated columnist Samuel Grafton, in his column today, wrote: "Everything we are as a nation says we believe in freedom for colonial peoples but our delegation to San Francisco, speaking as though they had a mouthful of mush, says no."

Egyptian Amendment Defeated

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 (Reuter).—The Egyptian proposal which would have placed all mandated territories automatically into the control of the Trusteeship Council was definitely defeated, announced the New Zealand Prime Minister, Mr. Peter Fraser—Chairman of the Trusteeship Committee during a press conference.

Representatives of the United Kingdom and the United States spoke against the Egyptian amendment.

Mr. Fraser said the amendment would have altered the whole basis of the trusteeship principle in that instead of being according to the agreement between the world organisation and the power holding the mandate, it would have made all mandates pass over automatically into the Trusteeship Council.

Territories acquired from enemy countries would have been included as well as present mandated territories Mr. Fraser said.

New World Court Of Justice

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 (Reuter).—The United Nations decided in Committee today to dissolve the old permanent court of International Justice and replace it by a new world court to be called International Court of Justice. The reason for the dissolution was that there were enemy countries which were members of the old court and there was general desire to break away from old associations.

The Committee also decided that the new court should be at the Hague. The Court will consist of 15 judges, each holding office for nine years. No two judges may be nationals of the same country.

FALSE PEACE IN EUROPE

Winter Starvation Threatens Reich If Steps Not Taken To Avert Calamity

From D. F. KARAKA "Chronicle" War Correspondent

S.H.A.E.F., May 22.

World unrest appears to have spread out. There is general anxiety about winning the peace in Europe. Tito's reply to the Anglo-American note refusing the withdrawal of Yugoslav troops from Trieste, indicates Tito's reluctance to play the little brother to the Big Two. Sir Harold Alexander's remark that Tito was adopting methods akin to those of Hitler and Mussolini, drew a quick retort from Tito who said it was regretful that such comparison should be made about an ally who had been bled white fighting the cause of freedom. Russian silence on this issue is most significant. Also note Tito's willingness to withdraw from Trieste if the demand is made by the Big Three including Russia. The thrill of victory is now gradually wearing out and many are wondering whether the war is over in Europe with Germany's defeat. Observers of the European situation sincerely hope Trieste will not develop into another Greek incident. Reports from San Francisco show that Poland is still the bone of contention in world peace. It is the keynote to general Russian policy which is being shaped on strong independent lines, in marked contrast with Anglo-Americans who, in the first blush of victory were inclined to over-fraternise. While an eye witness of the Torgau link-up between Americans and Russians said he had never seen such scenes of genuine friendship between the soldiers of any two countries as at Torgau, it appears as if higher Russian authority shaping policy has put an end to all, this fraternising. Crossing lines is now not permitted except with special permission. With all S.H.A.E.F.'s influence, it is not possible for S.H.A.E.F. war correspondents to visit Berlin. S.H.A.E.F. "is still waiting for a Russian invitation". Meanwhile, "Tass" correspondents get full facilities in the S.H.A.E.F. zone.

RUSSIA TO RESTRAIN BRITAIN'S GREED?

Molotov's utterances at San Francisco, make it abundantly clear that Russia is saying to Britain: "You can't have the cake and eat it". Britain has always taken the line that whatever happens within its empire is an internal question including India. Now with all this talk of liberation, Britain's position vis-a-vis its empire, is somewhat untenable if the spirit of the Atlantic Charter is to be observed. Churchill is faced with the problem of liquidating his beloved empire or acknowledging that the winning of peace is impossible. Meanwhile, in England, Labour's decision to withdraw from Government and accept straight challenge from Conservatives, is another blow to Churchill's prestige. While Churchill has been glorious in war, Churchill is failing to hold Britain together in peace. His War Cabinet will not wait for the end of the Japanese war. Churchill, meanwhile, hopes that if early election is held, his personal popularity will gain for his party much-needed victory at the polls, because Labour will meanwhile be far from ready to accept office and run the country. If Churchill waits longer, his party will be swept away by the leftist storm which is brewing all over Europe. Here in France, De Gaulle's complacency was badly shaken when the verdict of French people markedly revealed itself in favour of Communist candidates. A Frenchman who had been a prisoner of war for five years, said to me yesterday: "France stinks. Those who have made the greatest sacrifices, find, on return, that there is a Government in office incapable of handling the black market which is strangling our people. Who decent God fearing French families have not tasted a morsel of meat for five months, there is plenty of meat to be had in the black market. What is the use of having parades and martial music celebrating our liberation when we have moved from the Boche's domination to that of the black marketeer".

FOOD SHORTAGE

The crisis in Europe will come to a head this winter when severe food shortage will aggravate the general unrest. Every morning the waiter says to me: "Monsieur, there will be another revolution before long." At first I used to launch at him, but now I am not so sure. Nor is he the only person who speaks that language. The man in the street is gradually swerving to this line of thought. At present all seems well with the Allied flags still flying over houses and de Gaulle's portrait in every shop-window. But politics everywhere depend not so much on flags and pictures, but on food in stomachs. The most important portend is the recent report, unconfirmed but undenied by SHAEF, that probably more troops will be left in Europe than was originally intended. A fact hitherto passed un-noticed was that while the British and the Americans immediately disclosed what they were going to leave behind, Russia observed its proverbial silence. While war is completely over, as far as Russia is concerned—it not being at war with Japan—there is still no indication when the Russian army will demobilise. So maybe wise men at Washington and London are wondering what they should do under the circumstances. It is the old game of power politics all over again. In spite of five years of bloody war, with the flower of mankind destroyed, there is still no sign of peace in Europe.

MEMBERS OF GERMAN GOVT. MADE PRISONERS

SHAEF, Paris, May 23 (Reuter): All members of the Acting German Government and the German High Command have been taken into custody as prisoners of war, it was announced here to-day. Those detained, include 300 officers.

DECENTRALISATION RUMOUR SQUASHED

SHAEF, Paris, May 22 (Reuter): The following statement was issued here to-night:—"It was authoritatively stated at the Twenty-First Army Group to-day that the statement attributed in certain newspapers on May 21 to a Second Army Military Government officer on the question of centralisation or decentralisation of the Government of Germany and of the future of Berlin and the extent of British zone boundaries, is entirely unofficial and has no authoritative background.

Reuter adds that Col. B. K. Thomas, a British Military Government official stated at the British Second Army Headquarters, on Sunday, that the Government of Germany was to be decentralised.

He also said that although the exact boundaries of the British occupation were not finally delineated, in general the British area, spread over what was once Prussia, includes a part of the Rhine province west of the river, and provinces of Westphalia, Hanover and Schleswig-Holstein

GERMAN FOOD PROBLEM

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): The Allies, as victors of the European war are now conducting investigation of German documents in the various embassies in neutral countries including Ireland and Switzerland, according to well-informed sources in London, cables Reuter's political correspondent.

It is pointed out that German capitulation includes the surrender of her embassies and Ministries and property everywhere abroad and these naturally pass to the Allies.

Reports reaching London from inside Europe, suggest that food prospects in Germany are now grave and unless steps are taken to avert it, there is the probability of widespread starvation within the Reich this winter.

Geographically, the Russians find themselves more fortunately situated than either the British or the Americans in the German occupation as their zone is in principle food-bearing parts of the country. In a military sense, the disarming of Germany is not presenting serious problems.

The broadcasting activities of Doenitz and von Krosi, have now been ended and the Allies have made it absolutely clear that there is no such thing as a German political party or a German Government, however nominal.

In Norway, the rate of surrender is considered satisfactory and the beaten Germans are answering with alacrity the istructions issued to them by Allied Commanders.

In Germany itself, the civil population is showing almost embarrassing docility and eagerness to comply with the instructions of the occupying authorities.

DOENITZ ORGANIZATION TO BE INDICTED

PARIS, May 22 (U.P.A.): The German organization under Admiral Karl Doenitz at Flensburg, which is aiding the British to administer to surrendered Germans, is expected to be dissolved within the next few days and returned to civilian life to face probable indictment as war criminals a civilian source associated with Supreme Headquarters said to-day.

The Flensburg situation has been a thorn in Supreme Headquarters' side from both the Allied and Russian viewpoints ever since the surrender. Doenits and his clique retained actual command there of two and a half million troops. Doenitz was given control of the Flensburg radio until May 13, when Supreme Headquarters clamped down after the radio broadcasts were tending to shift the blame for the defeat from the German armed forces to the Nazi Party and attempting to revive the World War I legend that Germany's armed forces were never defeated.

It is believed that ample ground can be found to prosecute Doenitz and the rest of the German staff as war criminals.

"HOME TO INDIA"

Miss Rau's Book Well Received In America

NEW YORK, May 23 (Reuter).—The "New York Times" book reviewer commenting on Miss Shanta Rama Rau's "Home to India", says it is an "unpretentious, charming, personal, informal and chatty book. Because of its restraint, cheerful humour and casual glimpses into another world, it might just possibly do more to enlist sympathies for the Indian point of view than many more ambitious volumes. With considerable dexterity she demonstrates the folly of racial descrimination practised in India by the British."

Miss Rau, although only 22 has spent ten years at schools in England and four in the United States.

Fillip To Silk Industry

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter).—The "Manchester Guardian" writes: "The Italian Government is distributing silkworm eggs immediately to breeders in all the silk-growing provinces and the breeders are urged to make an intensive effort to re-establish silk-growing as one of the predominent branches of Italian agriculture.

In Free China, four Government banks have just approved a loan of 1,200,000,000 Chinese dollars to the Szechwan silk industry, which has recently made very great progress and is capable of further expansion.

Why Privileged Position For France?

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter).—The clash between France, on the one hand, and Syria and Lebanon on the other, became still more acute today following the issuing of a joint statement by the Syrian and Lebanese delegations at the San Francisco Conference, cables Reuter's special correspondent.

This statement condemned France for sending troops into Syria and Lebanon "as instruments of political pressure and coercion."

The Syrian Premier, Favez Khourey who is leading the Syrian delegation to the San Francisco Conference told Reuter's correspondent that the United States Government had told them clearly that it would never agree to a privileged position for France or any other country.

ARAB REACTION

Meanwhile interest of the whole Muslim world in this clash reached a new pitch of interest. Arab political leaders have called a sympathetic strike in Palestine where Arab shops are closed and Arab-owned traffic has stopped.

In Egypt, King Farouk is taking a keen interest in the situation. He had received Azzam Bey, Secretary-General of Arab League and also Lebanese and Syrian Charges d'Affaires.

"Conciliatory Gesture" By Britain

CAIRO, May 23 (Reuter).—The feeling in Cairo about the prospects of a settlement of the differences between France and Syria and the Lebanon is more hopeful today, cables Martin Herlihy, Reuter's special correspondent.

A number of factors have contributed, not the least being the prudent attitude adopted by the Egyptian Government and Press.

Arabic press prints all news about the Levant prominently, but continues to abstain from comment.

British comment stresses the importance of a peaceful settlement.

The announcement that Britain is withdrawing her brigade has been warmly welcomed by the Egyptian Government. It is regarded as a conciliatory gesture indicating that Britain has no designs on the Levant.

"Time For Action Has Begun"

The streets of Damascus were today thronged with young Syrians in uniform holding meetings or marching in procession.

Another Reuter message from Beirut, Lebanon, says that over 1,000 students massed to-day at the Government House where the Premier and the Foreign Minister addressed them from the balcony.

Students, mainly from the American university in Beirut, carried Lebanese and Syrian flags and posters saying "The Time For Action Has Begun." "We want to join the Army."

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.

The veto controversy, dividing the United Nations Conference, approached its crisis to-day, cables Paul Scott Rankine, Reuter's Chief Correspondent in America.

The Small and Middle powers mobilised their strength for a showdown with the "Big Five" and experts endeavoured to iron out the differences of interpretation of the veto powers to be given to the great nations in the League, charter.

* * *

If a General Election takes place, "the future of India", says Reuter, "will be in the melting pot within the next few weeks".

It will. But whatever shape it assumes on emerging it will remain the Mixture as Before.

* * *

Mr. L. S. Amery has repudiated the statement attributed to him by Professor Laski that Pakistan, as a solution of the Indian problem, was wholly unacceptable to the British Government.

We believe the Secretary of State's denial if for nothing else because the only thing "wholly unacceptable" to the British Government is India's independence.

* * *

"New Delhi May 21.—His Highness the Maharaja of Cooch Behar has proceeded overseas on active service".—A.P.I.

What do they DO there? Oh yes, we remember now.

* * *

An American columnist complains that the United States is siding with the Colonial powers on the Trusteeship question.

Who ought the U.S. to side with then? The Negroes of Africa and the Arabs of Palestine, for instance?

* * *

Doctor Hugh Dalton has declared that British Labour "considers it morally wrong and politically undesirable that any Jew wanting to go to Palestine should be hampered from doing so".

If war is to bring revolutionary changes, why not one in the face, body and character of "morality".

But while it is utterly immoral to concede proprietorial rights to Arabs in their own homeland it doesn't mean that a few thousands, let alone a few hundred thousand foreigners can be allowed to go unhampered and establish themselves in Doctor Dalton's homeland. The new morality applies to what is some body else's.

But, by the way come to think of it, it isn't really new, but just the traditional British and European morality, sanctified further by its quality of being "politically desirable".

* * *

Dr. Dalton, the British Labour-Socialist saint goes further. He clearly demands "a happy and prosperous free Jewish State Palestine".

Personally we think that if Dr. Dalton must be "moral" he might as well be "moral" whole hog.

No Assurances Given Says Gulamhusein

Ghulamhusein P. Chinoy writes:—

"My attention has been drawn to a paragraph in your daily issue of the 23rd instant under the heading "Bandra Bus Strike Called Off." The report contained in that paragraph purports to emanate from Mr. Anil Mavani, Secretary, Bandra Bus Workers' Union.

It has become necessary for me to write this letter having regard to the incorrect statements made in the said report, and more particularly because, certain statements have been put in my mouth. All that took place after the appointment of the Adjudicator was my statement to some representatives of the employees who approached me that the disputes having been referred to the Adjudicator, it was but right that the employees should go back to work and that the Adjudicator would deal with the matter on its merits.

No assurances were given by me nor was any promise made by me as alleged in the said report either for myself or on behalf of the Bandra Bus Co., Ltd.

Neither Mr. Anil Mavani nor any other representative of the Union was present and could not therefore have any knowledge of what transpired between me and the persons who saw me.

PEACE HOSPITAL, HONAVAR

The Peace Hospital at Honavar was inaugurated on the 30th April, 1945 and declared open to the public.

Though the Peace Hospital Scheme is organised under the auspices of the Syrian Mission under the directorate of Rt. Rev. George, O.S.B.A., Kor-Episkopos, Vicar General, the scheme is worked out by a Committee of Trustees, consisting of Mr. Parameshwar G. Karki, M.A., LL.B. Pleader, President, Honavar Municipality as Chairman, Messrs. Manjunath D. Karki, Pleader. Ex-M.L.C., Subarao K. Balimane, Retd. Mamlatdar and First Class Magistrate, and Narayan V. Shanbhag, merchant, who will look after the general administration of the Hospital. The Peace Hospital will administer to the needs of the ailing humanity thickly distributed among the remote villages of Honavar Taluk and the Kanara District and the West-Coastal regions generally. All patients to whatever denomination or creed they may belong will be attended to with care and attention.

It will need at least Rs. 1,000 a month for the recurring expenses of the Hospital. Ladies and gentlemen who have the well-being of the suffering humanity along the coastal regions are earnestly appealed to send in their gift offerings to the Peace Hospital coffers at Honavar.

Amery Repudiates Laski's Statement On India

DENIES HAVING DECLARED PAKISTAN AS SOLUTION OF INDIAN PROBLEM WAS WHOLLY UNACCEPTABLE TO BRITISH GOVT.

Indian Deadlock Shoots Like Meteor Into Tense British Pre-Election Exchanges

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): India has shot meteor like into the tense British pre-election exchanges between personalities of the left and right, writes Reuter's Parliamentary Editor.

PROF. HAROLD LASKI, LABOUR PARTY EXECUTIVE, SENT "THE BALLOON UP" WHEN ADDRESSING THE INDIAN LEAGUE CONFERENCE AT BLACKPOOL WHEN HE ASSERTED THAT MR. LEOPOLD AMERY, THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA HAD DECLARED THAT PAKISTAN AS A SOLUTION OF THE INDIAN PROBLEM WAS WHOLLY UNACCEPTABLE TO THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Amery promptly retorted with a flat denial of Prof. Laski's statement, wrapped in the comment "it is most regrettable that Prof. Laski should have attributed such a statement to myself as his recollection of a purely informal conversation."

The Secretary of State for India Mr. Leopold Amery, in an interview with Reuter to-night, flatly denied that he had told Professor Harold Laski who is Vice-Chairman of the Labour Party, during their conversation last week that Pakistan as a solution to the Indian problem was wholly unacceptable to the British Government.

Mr. Amery said "I must at once repudiate the statement attributed to me by Professor Laski, as wholly inaccurate and unwarranted by anything that I said. The position of His Majesty's Government in this matter has been perfectly consistent throughout, ever since the declaration of April 1942 which still stands laying down that no province could be compelled to come into an Indian Union against its will.

"MOST REGRETTABLE"

The question of Pakistan versus a United India is one which must be settled in India itself and I certainly never said or suggested that the Pakistan solution was one which His Majesty's Government could not accept even although we might not regard it as the most desirable solution.

It is most regrettable that Professor Laski should have attributed such a statement to myself as his recollection of a purely informal conversation".

CRIPPS' VAIN THINKING

Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America commented "Laski is one of the few English Liberals who remains 'Liberal' even on the question of Indian independence. But I am afraid the Labour Party has hardly any chance of winning an election and India's fate will remain in the hands of the Conservative Party. As regards Sir Stafford Cripps, he was vain enough to think he could outsmart Churchill.

Dr. Anup Singh added: "Mr. Laski's criticism of the limitations under which Sir Stafford Cripps operated is valid. Many Indians, myself among them, have held the view that if Sir Stafford had been a free agent and been given more leeway he would have reached some kind of compromise with the Indian parties.

STRONG SUSPICION AMONG INDIANS.

There has been a strong suspicion in Indian circles that Sir Stafford Cripps was torpedoed by Mr. Churchill Prof. Laski's statement bears this out. But unfortunately Indians have become too sceptical not only of promises but even of hopeful signs such as this coming from Prof. Laski.

"Scepticism has been growing about the bonafides even of the Labour Party. I am expressing a dominant sentiment in India when I say we shall have to see something more—something tangible—however pleased Indians are to see this statement. If Labour comes into power the chances are it wont have a clear majority to implement any far-reaching policies with respect to India. If people like Prof. Laski and Mr. Brailsford really had power, then the Indian situation would be very hopeful".

SHAW UNMASKS BEVIN'S OFFER TO INDIA

(Continued from Page 1.)

ders to face the responsibilities of rule which must begin by making those adjustments of sectional differences which alone will make self-rule a reality."

ZAFRULLAH'S REACTION

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, commenting on Mr. Bevin's policy towards India, told Reuter that "the statement should give great satisfaction in India. It is an important statement of policy regarding India's advance along the road to self-government. India will know just where she stands in case of a Labour victory at the forthcoming general election.

SHAW PRICKS IT!

George Bernard Shaw, interviewed by telephone, was caustic about Mr. Bevin's plan to close the India Office and transfer business to the Dominions Office. "That is not going to mean much", he said. "It is nothing more than crossing the street—in fact it means nothing."

Commenting on Mr. Bevin's suggestion to transfer year by year more and more responsibility to the Indian Government, Shaw said: "Politics come to nothing, unless they keep up vital statistics. What good are politics in a country where people are constantly dying at an early age?"

As to Mr. Bevin's promise that India's troubles would be almost over if the Labour Party won the election, Shaw remarked: "Indians will have to manage as best as they can. We have enough to do to look after these islands without having to look after India. Indians must decide for themselves what sort of Government they want."

Bull Point For Stock Markets

LONDON, May 23 (U.P.A.): The "Financial Times", commenting on the present government dissolution, says that "the return of the government with Mr. Churchill at its head would be acclaimed a bull point for stock markets and an omen of cheerfulness for industry".

"The possibilities are held to point to the return of the Churchill government should the election be held at an early date" the paper added.

BRITAIN DRIVING INDIA INTO ARMS OF RUSSIA

CHICAGO, May 22 (U P A). University of Chivago lecturer Sundel Joshi, speaking here today said that British imperialism on the one hand and the Russan equality of nationalities on the other are driving India into the arms of Russia.

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): The Deputy High Commissioner for India, Sir David Meek is expected back at his office by the end of this week Reuter learned at the India House to-day. Sir David has been ill for several weeks owing to overwork.

Purdy's Case

JEWELLER'S WIFE GIVES EVIDENCE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Popatlal Bhogilal Shah continued his narration of the events that happened on the night of April 23, 1944, when the hearing of the case against Dr. Murray Gow Purdy and Edward Dennis Gee was resumed today before Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Popatlal said that the accused took him to the office in a taxi and, on the way, told him that some of Popatlal's enemies might have played him false by supplying the information on which they were acting. There were three rooms in the office.

Popatlal continued that Dr. Purdy, the first accused, after glancing through the files in the second room for three or four minutes, wanted to see the foreign files and correspondence; so he, with the two accused, went to the first room where these were kept in a stand below the safe. Without spending much time on these, the first accused wanted to see what was inside the safes. Popatlal opened the first safe in which was some personal jewellery of his brother H. B. Shah, and a cotton bag containing currency notes now calculated to be about two lacs and seventy thousand. After just feeling the packets, the accused wanted Popatlal to open the second safe which he did. He had left the door of the first safe open. They according to Popatlal, when the first accused was glancing through the files in the second safe, the second accused who was standing opposite to him at the other side of the table and had till then kept himself in the background, suddenly attacked him with a heavy rod. The victim instinctively put his hand on his head and began screaming. By this time the second accused had taken the cotton bag containing the currency notes and ran out immediately followed by Purdy. After the accused had left, Popatlal saw a fibre-suit-case which was not his property, lying on the floor by the side of the table

Later, with the help of the Mehtaji, he arranged the files and phoned for the Police, who removed him to the G. T. Hospital from where after his statement was recorded and his wounds attended to for two days, he was removed to the Harkisondas Hospital where he was given two blood transfusions. He was not able to attend to any regular work till June.

Popatlal then stated that he was called a number of times to the Police Station and shown many persons. But he was not able to identify the accused till October, when Inspector Quilter called him to an identification parade where he identified the first accused and later at another parade the second accused.

The defence counsels of both the accused cross-examined him.

Lilavati P. Shah, wife of the complainant, was then called to give her evidence. She corroborated her husband's story.

When the court was about to rise, Dr. Purdy made a complaint against the treatment meted out to him. He accused the jail authorities of having entered into a conspiracy with the C.I.D. to deprive him of all facilities for defence. The Chief Presidency Magistrate assured him that he would visit the jail and discuss everything with the Jail Superintendent next week. The case was then adjourned to May 25.

SPORTS NEWS

Nagpur Muslim Gym. Enter Quarter-Final

BHOPAL May 22: Giving another impressive display the Muslim Gymkhana of Nagpur this evening entered the quarter-final of the All-India Obaidullah Khan Gold Cup Hockey Tournament by defeating The Pin Elephants of Bhopal by five goals to nil.

Earlier in the evening the New Sports, Patiala, won their third round match against the Bhopal Electric Supply "A" by one goal to nil.

Calcutta Soccer

CALCUTTA, May 23 (A P I). In the first division of the Calcutta Football League today Calcutta defeated Kalighat by two goals to nil while the Rangers obtained the verdict by a solitary goal in their match against Dalhousie.

PENICILLIN PRODUCTION IN INDIA

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 23.

The committee appointed by Government of India for the production of Penivillin in India is believed to have recommended the construction of two plants with a capacity of ten thousand to twenty thousand units. The Committee is also believed to have recommended that two chemists and two medical men be sent to U S A and Canada to study the method of production and has suggested the names of Col. Sokhey, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Dr Ganapati and Prof. Subramanyan.

Two More Victims Succumb

CALCUTTA, May 23 (A P I.) Two more victims of the Manirampur Railway Accident which occurred on Monday night have succumbed to their injuries, bringing the total death roll to fourteen. One died on his way to hospital yesterday and the other at the Howrah General Hospital today.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, May 23.

Following are today's quotations:

SUGAR AND BREWERIES: Deccan CD 34/4 do CD 78/4 Indian Sugar 31/8 Mysore Sugar 58/4 South India 16/8 Travancore 1Y Breweries 167

PLANTINGS. Cochin Malabar 17/3 Chembra Peaks 9/9 Coorg 90 Devashola 12/14 Fringfords 17/12 High Produce 29/12 Kalpettas 32/12 Malankara 80 Manalur 6 Midland 12/2 Nellithanam 14 Pullangodes 3/1 Thirumbadi 4/2 Vaikundam CD 21 Vellamalai 30/4 Velliam 35/8 Woodlands 11/8

TEXTILES: Bangalore Wool 480 B and C Ordy 325 Cambodia 24/12 Coimbatore Spg 143/8 Coimbatore Murugan 192/8 Do New 97 Dhanalaxmi 327/8 Janardhana 112 Kothari Tex 30/4 Lakshmi 150F New 75 Mettur 252/8 Madura 68 Radhakrishna 330 Rangavilas 145 Sitaram Eng 179 Vasantha 295

MISCELLANEOUS: And Cement 120/8 Bruntons 12/2 Hind Trust 22 Ind St Roll 9/14 Mysore Chem and Pert. 23/8 Mysore Chem Mfrs 29/4 Mettur Chem 16 Do Dfd 6/5 Singareni 19/12 Spencer 13/14.—A. P.

Super-Forts Raid Kyushu Again

LONDON May 23. (Reuter): A Japanese News Agency report picked up by Reuter's radio station, stated that about 20 Super-Fortresses attacked northern Kyushu the southernmost island of the Japanese mainland, early to-day. At least three Super Forts, the agency added, were shot down.

A later Japanese News Agency report said that the raid lasted for three hours beginning at midnight. Oita, an important rail junction on the north-east coast of Kyushu was among the areas attacked.

Jap Shipping On Yangtse And Siang Bombed

CHUNGKING, May 22 (Reuter).—American planes yesterday heavily bombed railway bridges and Japanese shipping on the Yangtse and Siang rivers. The communique from American Headquarters which reported this added that fighters and medium bombers killed hundreds of Japanese on Honan and Hunan fronts.

4 U. S. Infantry Divisions Leaving For Pacific In June

SHAEF PARIS, May 22. (Reuter): Four United States Infantry Divisions—86th, 97th, 95th and 104th—are to leave the European theatre during June for the United States on their way to the Pacific. In addition thousands are being sent to the Pacific direct from Europe.

American "Radio Offensive"

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23 (Reuter): Eight new powerful American radio transmitters are now laying down daily a "barrage" of news on Japan as part of campaign to explain to the Japanese people the true issues of the war.

Controlled by the Office of War Information, six new fifty-kilowatt transmitters are strung out along the Pacific Coast. One of one hundred-kilowatt operates in Honolulu and another broadcasts from Saipan in the Marianas.

The main point of the broadcasts is to explain that unconditional surrender will not mean destruction of the Japanese people.

This was the message given by President Truman in his speech on May 8, and the American "radio offensive" is making sure that the Japanese people hear it.

Did Lethal Injection End Hitler's Life?

S.H.A.E.F., Paris, May 23 (Reuter).—Hitler died in a bunker under the Berlin Chancellery on May 1, from a lethal injection administered by his personal physician and his body was afterwards burned.

This information was given by a Rusian General to the Control Party representing Supreme Headquarters, Flensburg, it was stated here tonight.

The whereabouts of Heinrich Himmler are unknown, according to a statement made by a high-ranking official at S. H. A. E. F. today. Himmler was last seen in Flensburg on May 6, when Admiral Doenitz refused him admission to his "Government" and advised him to go away

Amery Entertains Indian Industrialists

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): The Indian Industrialists now in Britain were entertained to a luncheon to-day by the Secretary for India, Mr. L. S Amery. Those presented included Mr. G. D. Birla, J. R. D. Tata, Sir Sultan Chinoy, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Mir Laik Ali, Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar and Ajaib Singh.

The party yesterday had a meeting at the India House with representatives of the Federation of British Industries, the Associated British Chambers of Trade and the Department of Overseas Trade.

Preliminary plans were drawn up for their itinerary.

U. S. TO USE NAZI PRISONER LABOUR

WASHINGTON, May 20.—About 50,000 "useless" Nazi prisoners of war in United States camps will be sent back to Germany this summer but the remaining 300,000 who are filling needed jobs will be kept here as long as needed. Sidney Shalett wrote in the New York 'Times', quoting Major General LeRoy Lutes, chief of staff to General Brehon Somervell of the Army Service Forces as authority. Shalett continued in part:

The 50,000 who will return first to the Reich fall into three categories. These are officers and non-commissioned officers who, under the Geneva convention, cannot be required to do labour unless they volunteer; rabid Nazis who cannot be trusted, and the sick or insane.

Thus those in the three categories are not fitting to be kept in and are of no use to this country. They will go back to Germany as quickly as shipping space can be found for them.

Of the other 300,000 German prisoners here, about 85,000 are working in agricultural jobs; 55,000 are allocated to industry and about 160,000 are assigned to jobs at Army Air Forces or naval posts or stations, General Lutes stated.

A MATTER OF CONVENIENCE ONLY

He emphasized that we were not keeping them here because we liked them or cared to feed them or wanted to spare them the shock of return to their own shattered country; it was solely a matter of "American convenience". They are helping to relieve the manpower pinch which was caused by the war started by their Fuehrer and they will be kept here so long as they can be usefully employed.

"The Army's policy, however, is not to allow a single prisoner in any way to prevent an American from getting a job", General Lutes asserted. "If there is an idle American—returned soldier or otherwise—who can and will do the work now performed by a prisoner, the prisoner will be taken off the job and shipped back to Germany as soon as shipping space becomes available".

The general went on to state that there was a great demand for manpower in this country far in excess of that being filled by the 290,000 working German prisoners. It was assumed that while the Japanese war continued there would be little likelihood that German prisoner labour would complete with the available domestic supply.—USOWI.

Three Killed In Gale

TORONTO May 23 (Reuter).—Violent gales today caused damage estimated at about £220.000 and three deaths in the Montreal and Toronto areas. A violent thunderstorm accompanied by slashing rain and a 75-mile per hour wind struck Quebec Province and swept over sections of Ontario.

The R.A.F. Lancaster "Aries" flying to Yukon on the first stage of its flight from Canada over the geographical north pole to Britain had a bumpy but uneventful trip from Ottawa to Toronto.

CONGRESS WOMAN WORKER JAILED

NEW DELHI, May 21 (A P I) Shrimati Memobai, a Congress worker of Delhi, was sentenced today to three months' S I by the Additional District Magistrate on a charge of violating the orders of the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi directing her not to attend meetings of ten or more persons

Memobai was stated to have attended a Charkha demonstration in which about 70 persons were present. This, it was alleged later formed itself into a public meeting in which speeches were made on the importance of Mahatma Gandhi's constructive programme

Memobai pleaded not guilty and said that she only participated in a Charkha demonstration and not in a public meeting.

The Magistrate held that the accused was fully aware of the terms of the order and she did not commit a breach of them for almost a year. In his opinion she deliberately violated the terms of the order by attending the meeting on March 11. He, however, took a lenient view of the case as she was in poor health.

Reception To Syed Mahmud

COLOMBO, May 17 (A.P.I.) A reception was given to Dr. Syed Mahmud and Mrs. Kuttiammalu Ammal, by the residents of Gampola District under the auspices of the local Congress Committee yesterday. Mr. S. P. Vytilingam, presided.

Dr. Mahmud said that he felt pleased to see the attachment of Indians of Ceylon towards India, which was applaudable. "Indians have lived here, loved to stay here and have created an interest in this country and yet through a misunderstanding or mistake somewhere. Indians particularly labourers are denied the vote. It is a matter for regret that the Indians who are here are in a precarious position.

They have not an inch of land here nor in India", said Dr. Syed Mahmud.

He sincerely hoped that the Indians would create friendly feelings with the Sinhalese, as India was not foreign to Ceylon but was only 22 miles away and that the Government would recognise the rights of Indians in Ceylon and redress their grievances.

Dr. Mahmud intends to leave for India on May 28 after spending a week in Colombo

'INDEPENDENCE' AND 'SELF-GOVERNMENT'

How America Views The Two Objectives

(By WALLACE HERRICK)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—Considerable attention has been focussed on the use of the words "independence" and "self-government" with reference to discussion of trusteeship at the United Nations Conference.

The implication has arisen that some conflict exists between those who favour the one objective as against the other. There is obviously a difference between the two objectives but the construction that "self-government" is somehow less desirable that "independence" is by no means justified.

An explanation of the U S Government's view point in the matter was outlined by Secretary of State Stettinius and deserves the careful attention of those who are in any way concerned with the question of international trusteeship.

The Secretary left no doubt in the minds of Conference observers that the U.S. delegation, in committing itself to the "political, economic and social advancement of the trust territories and their inhabitants" and their "progressive development toward self government in forms appropriate to the varying circumstances of each territory"—as outlined in the U.S drafted trusteeship "working document" of May 16—was endorsing independence as an objective where independence is justified by the circumstances and desired by the area concerned.

Mr. Stettinius' statement was explicit and left nothing to be deduced or imagined. "It is our understanding", he declared, "that this clearly includes the attainment of independence if the people of a trusteeship area so desire and are prepared and able to assume the responsibilities of independence".

The clause "if the people of a trusteeship area so desire" is particularly important. Its significance was emphasized by the New Zealand delegate who recently pointed to the well-known fact that New Zealand has complete self-government but that it would strongly oppose severing ties with the mother country—a severing which would give it "independence"

CASE OF PHILIPPINES

The case of the Philippines immediately comes to mind. The United States demonstrated its good faith toward the people of this area by enacting a law which stipulated an actual calendar date for independence—July 4, 1946. The U.S. Congress even made possible the advancement of that date by later passage of a law giving the President power to proclaim independence at any time after the liberation of the country from the Japanese enemy and the restoration of law and order. But many sincere friends of the Philippines—including a number of important Filipinos—have raised the point that the United States may be doing the Philippines a disservice by granting complete independence.

The economic disruption and lack of military security which may follow independence are cited as reason for maintenance of some tie with the United States without delaying the advent of complete self-government. As a matter of fact the Philippines attained the status of self-government in 1935, when the Commonwealth of the Philippines was proclaimed. The Commonwealth Government exerted direct control over all Philippine affairs except foreign relations; it was even charged with definite military functions although it received the assistance of the U.S. Government in this respect.

As with Australia, Canada and other British dominions as with the Philippines, so with other areas which may now hold the status of colonies, mandates or protectorates. The right of any people to choose some status other than independence if they so desire is an important right as the U.S. Secretary of State so clearly indicated.—USOWI.

U. S. AND BRITAIN DISAGREE

WASHINGTON, May 23 (U P A). A highly authoritative source today confirmed current reports that disagreement between Britain and the United States is delaying the trials of top Nazi war criminals.

He said the British are opposing the U. S. plan for an internationall military tribunal in favour of punishment by means of political "treaty decisions" among the United Nations.

TITO HOPEFUL OF EARLY SOLUTION

Part Of Area Now Claimed By Yugoslavs Occupied By Allied Troops

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter). British and American reinforcements are today moving across the River Isonzo into territory claimed by Yugoslavs, while Field Marshal Sir Harold Alexander Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean, and General Mark Clark in command of Fifteenth Army Group are reported to be visiting Trieste to examine the situation on the spot, cables Khalek Quereshi, Reuter's Special Correspondent

Reporting the presence of Field Marshal Alexander in Trieste, the Rome radio said he was also accompanied by his Chief of Staff

A statement from the Fifteenth Army Group Headquarters early today reported that British Eighth Army units have been reinforced by United States troops which have moved into the Gorizia area. Eighth Army troops now occupy a line running north from Trieste to a point five miles east of Gorizia

According to the Rome radio American units have taken up positions on hills dominating the town of Gorizia

AGREEMENT WITH ALLIES

Marshal Tito, the Yugoslav Premier in his latest speech at Zagreb, capital of the province of Croatia, said "This affair will certainly be solved we shall come to an agreement with the Allies But we will firmly defend our rights."

Accusing the Italians of "plundering our territories and towns and villages, and killing tens of thousands of our finest sons" Marshal Tito, quoted by the Yugoslav Agency, declared "We do not accord to the rights of an Ally—we demand payment for all she did to us"

He said Field Marshal Alexander and he had agreed that one part of the area now claimed by Yugoslavs was to be occupied by Allied troops but added "we arrived first in the struggle to protect our nationals from Italian Fascist murderers"

NEW FEDERAL YUGOSLAVIA

Marshal Tito said that Yugoslavia have accepted a new federal Yugoslavia "As soon as all peoples of Yugoslavia are prepared to consolidate still further this brotherhood and unity, Yugoslavia will be so secure that no enemy will dare attack her"

TRIESTE POPULATION MORE HUNGRY

The contested city of Trieste itself is in the grip of the iron Yugoslav military dictatorship which will not suffer any questions about its treatment of people or problems cabled Reuter's correspondent from the city. The so-called Italo-Slovene Committee of Liberation is the organ of the dictatorship

The city's present population of well over a quarter of a million has been getting daily more hungry since the city was captured Large sections of all classes desire that Trieste should become an internationalised port

THREAT OF WAR

Earlier the Yugoslav newspaper "Borba" organ of the Yugoslav communist party described Field Marshal Alexander's message to his troops on position in the Trieste area as representing a threat of war towards our country. Field Marshal Alexander's message has caused dissatisfaction and surprise in our country", paper added

National Education And Social Uplift

A New Movement In Thana District

(From A Correspondent)

Shirgaon, a village with a population of nearly 4,000, situated 1-1 2 miles to the west of Badlad railway station on the B.B.C.I. line has become the centre of educational and social uplift activity for the last two months. This is the northern most part of the district of Thana and is extremely backward though it is within a hundred miles from the city of Bombay.

The area within a radius of six miles round about Shirgaon has been surveyed by Mr. V. N. Bijur, an educationist and social worker. His findings are extremely interesting and instructive The main occupation of the people is agriculture, and the uncultivated yet rich soil of this region, yields the best variety of grass-fodder for cattle. The secondary occupation is toddy-tapping and mat manufacture. The total population of this region of 110 square miles is a little more than 40,000, and the number of children of school age (i e between 6 and 15) is estimated to be just over 12,000. In spite of 27 village schools spread over 36 villages, the number receiving instruction is less than 2,000. The average teacher is of a low calibre, ground by poverty, half starved and despised. The more ambitious parents send their children to schools outside this area and the number of such boys and girls is about 250 receiving instruction in high schools of Bombay, Ahmedabad, Surat, Bulsar, Umbargaon and other distant places where better facilities like hostels are provided. The average expenditure on those children is Rs. 40 per head per month, that is, Rs. 10,000 flow outside this region per month, solely because there is not a single good educational institution which caters to the needs of the day.

11-YEAR PLAN

The facts stated above though depressing are very significant at a time when the Viceroy has openly declared that education is the primary responsibility of the Government and also when the Central Advisory Board of Education have made recommendations of a definitive nature. Both the protestations of the Government and the recommendations of the Sargent Committee will be mere cries in the wilderness of ignorance until and unless the masses are aroused to a sense of responsibility, and the intelligentsia takes a live interest in this vital matter of the nation's well-being which is possible only when there is a definite plan, a determined policy, and a clear-cut programme The planning, the policy and the programme must be the fruit of labour of men who know their jobs of seasoned experts of mature experience and the experiment must be restricted to a definite area. First and foremost, the educational endeavour must have sympathy and backing of the people of the region. We are assured that conditions are very favourable, that philanthropists like Seth Jugalkishore Birlawalla, and Shah Kalichand Gulabchand of Achchari have given their unstinted sympathy and support to the 11-year-planning and that already the National Education and Social Uplift Association of Shirgaon has come into existence. Also more than a hundred members have been enrolled, that 400 more could easily be enrolled, bringing the annual yield of not less than Rs. 10,000 from subscriptions, and it is hoped that a lack of rupees per year could be collected as donations. This amount is hardly sufficient for such an ambitious programme of liquidation of illiteracy, and for raising the capacity of earning and the standard of living.

The organiser Mr V N. Bijur, has already secured co-operation of Principal R. V. Parulekar and other eminent educationists to serve on the Planning Committee, and silent yet indefatigable workers like Messrs. Hari Krishna Chintamani Joshi, V. D. Arekar, R H Bhatt, and Dr. G. M. Dhapre have put their heart and soul into the work The National Model High School of Shirgaon will be opened in June next, and we are sure that it will be a unique institution incorporating all that is best from the nation-building and utilitarian points of view reflecting the triple aspect of efficiency—utility, joy and service

PIGEONS' PART IN ALLIED VICTORY

Link With Occupied Europe

Tribute was recently paid by Major General L. G. Phillips, Director of Signals, to the special section of Army Pigeon Service for the part it played during the war.

In 1940, when France was occupied by the Germans, it was recalled that a limited number of pigeons had been dropped behind the enemy lines in the 1914-18 war for use by agents and well-disposed civilians in getting information back to the British Army Headquarters. Steps were, therefore taken to organise a pigeon service between Britain and occupied Europe

At first pigeons which had been previously used for cross-Channel racing were used, but supplies were naturally limited. Appeals went out and lofts were taken over, whose birds had to be trained for cross-Channel work. The number of birds at the disposal of the special section continually increased. Until during the last few months it reached close on 30,000, including young birds under training.

In the same way that arms supplies were dropped to members of underground armies, so pigeons packed in special containers were dropped over areas from which information was required. The Germans offered large sums of money for any pigeons handed over to them and organised special search parties to find pigeons they suspected had been dropped. The death penalty was imposed on any Patriot found in possession of a carrier pigeon.

LONGEST FLIGHT

Under these circumstances, naturally, only a proportion of the birds dropped were ever released to fly back to Britain. Yet during the four years of existence of the service, well over 1,000 birds returned with messages. Many messages gave the positions of enemy headquarters and information regarding troops movements.

In one case a carrier-borne message gave such detailed information about a German key post, including the times when most of the officers were present, that a subsequent raid by Allied bombing planes had excellent result

Later many messages gave exact positions of flying bomb and V-2 sites, which were in due course passed to our intelligence

During the time that the special section has been in operation pigeons have been dropped over France, Belgium, Holland and Denmark. The percentage of returns from different areas varied considerably and it was evident that to a certain extent people in any new areas tried out had to be educated by a continuous dropping of pigeons before they were prepared to make use of these birds and get information to Britain. They had always to be on their guard against Gestapo traps.

The longest flight from which a pigeon returned was some 400 miles, the average distance being 200 miles. These birds played a valuable and important part in co-ordination between Allied forces based in Britain and the resistance movement in Western Europe.

Japan May Declare War On Russia

CAPTURED OFFICER PREDICTS ANOTHER "PEARL HARBOUR"

Big French Marshalling Area Can Send 15,000 Soldiers Daily To Pacific

NEW YORK, May 22, (U. P. A.): Office of War Information Far Eastern experts Don Caldwell and William Powell, in an interview with the "New York Post," said that Japan may declare war on Russia as a final "face saving" action.

"PEARL HARBOUR" ATTACK ON RUSSIA

U. S. ARMY FIELD HQ., CHINA, May 22 (U.P.A.): A captured Japanese Army Officer declared to-day that "before Russia attacks Japan, the Japanese must attack first—like "Pearl Harbour", writes United Press of America war correspondent from the Sino-Japanese front.

"We are ready for all emergencies", the Jap prisoner continued "However, if the Americans land in Japan proper, the war will be shorter, for there would be no purpose in the Japanese on the Asiatic mainland to continue fighting" once their homeland had been subdued, he said

FRENCH PREPARE ON GIGANTIC SCALE

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): Reuter quotes the French radio as saying that a gigantic troops marshalling area, capable of handling 15,000 soldiers daily transit for the Pacific, when operations reach their peak is about to be built in Southern France.

"The installations for the reception of 90,000 soldiers with their equipment are almost completed", the radio stated.

"Each unit is expected to stay only one week at this base which will extend over an area of 17 square miles."

ALLIED ADVANCE IN BURMA

GENERAL ADV. HQ., ALFSEA, May 23 (A.P.I.): In the villages east of Pyu, 33 miles south of Toungoo, casualties have been inflicted on the enemy", says to-day's SEAC 'communique.' East of Toungoo, on the Mawchi Road, a further slight advance has been made against stiff opposition and more guns have been captured. At Kabang, 24 miles southwest of Thayetmyo, a small enemy force has been wiped out. Mopping up operations continue over the whole area.

Heavy bombers of the Eastern Air Command yesterday damaged five bridges on the Bangkok-Singapore railway, derailed the locomotive and trucks of a freight train, bombed the Ye railway station and attacked two Japanese airfields in Southern Burma. Enemy troops were bombed on the Thazi-Siam escape route. One Allied aircraft is missing.

JAP CANNIBALISM CONFINED TO CORPSES

BOMBAY, May 23 (A.P.I.): Cannibalism among the cut-off Japanese in the South-West Pacific, announced by Gen. Sir Thomas Blamey, Commander-in-Chief, Australian Forces, was reported by Indian prisoners of war who arrived in Ceylon from that theatre last September.

The Cannibalism, however, had been confined to corpses and there were no cases of either a prisoner or a Japanese being deliberately slaughtered.

COSTLIER TO ATTACK JAP MAINLAND

WASHINGTON, May 22 (U.P.A.): Representative Mike Masfield, speaking in the House of Representatives to-day, said that a direct assault against Japanese homeland would be costlier than an assault from the Chinese mainland, but that it may be necessary due to the Chinese political disunity.

Mansfield predicted that Russia would join the war by aiding the Communists while the United States would continue to support Chiang Kai-shek's Government.

MOST DIFFICULT PART OF CHIHKIANG BATTLE OVER

KUNMING, May 22 (U. P. A.): Lieutenant General Albert C. Wedemeyer, U. S. Commander in the China Theatre, to-day said that the most difficult part of the battle for Chihkiang, strategic Hunan Province airbase city, was over.

Wedemeyer said, "The Japanese have definitely been stopped."

When questioned about Indo-China and possible co-operation with French and/or Anamite revolutionary forces Wedemeyer said, "Indo-China is definitely part of the Generalissimo's and American China Theatre of Operations. We are utilizing any and all Allied resources available for the defeat of Japan."

U. S. TROOPS CAPTURE MALAYBALAY

MANILA, May 22 (U.P.A.): U. S. troops have captured Malaybalay, the provincial capital and the last important Japanese-held town on Mindanao Island in the Philippines.

OSMENA IN GUAM 'EN ROUTE' TO PHILIPPINES

GUAM, May 22 (U.P.A.): Preisent Sergio Osmena, President of the Philippines Commonwealth, arrived here to-tay 'en route' to Manila. President Osmena conferred with Admiral Chester Nimitz, Commander of the U. S. Pacific Fleet, immediately upon his arrivtal.

U. S. SHIPPING LOOKS UP

MOBILE, (Alabana) May 23: (Reuter): U. S. shipping losses, which since 1939 totalled 6,500,000 tons, more than half the entire pre-war fleet, have been made up seven times over by construction in U. S. shipyards of approximately 56 million deadweight tons, Rear-Admiral Emory A. Land Chairman of the U. S. Maritime Commission stated in a speech here.

Admiral Land estimated total American shipping available after the war at about 61,000,000 tons of which he proposed to operate 17,000,000 tons, assign 6,000,000 tons for military service scrap 7,000,000 tons as obsolete, sell 10,000,000 tons to foreign lines and maintain 21,500,000 as "National Defence Reserve."

JAP CONCERN OVER DIPLOMATS IN BERLIN

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): The Japanese News Agency to-day expressed fears about the fate of minor Japanese diplomats, formrly in Berlin of whom no news have been received.

It is revealed that Akio Kasama former Minister to Persia, was aboard the "Awa Maru", which was sunk by an unidentified submarine in last April, carrying 1,800 passengers and many high-ranking Japanese officials.

ADVISERS TO JAP FOREIGN OFFICE

The Japanese news Agency to-day reported that Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizwa, 72-year-old, former Ambassador to French Indo-China and Mr. Shigeru Kawagoye, 64-year-old, former Ambassador to China have been appointed Advisers to the Japanese Foreign Office.

NEW HEAD OF JAPANESE TECHNICAL BOARD

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 (U. P. A.): The Tokyo radio reported in a broadcast to-day that the President of the Japanese Cabinet's Board of Technology, Hideji Yagi, has been succeeded by Lt.-Gen. Reikichi Tada, who has been employed full time of late in the studying of new weapons for the Japanese special attack corps.

KING DECORATES AUCHINLECK

LONDON, May 23 (Reuter): Gen Sir Claude Auchinleck, Commander-in-Chief in India, attended a private inverstiture at Buckingham Palace, to-day, to receive the decoration of the Grand Campaign of the Order of Bath from the King, conferred upon him in the New Year's Honours' List.

AUSTRALIANS CAPTURE CAPE MOEM

MELBOURNE, May 23 (Reuter): The Army Department has announced that the Sixth Australian Division has captured Cape Moem the last Japanese stronghold in the Wewak area in New Guinea, and only a few isolated positions bar a link between the eastern and western forces.

The Moem garrison retreated towards the mountains, not following the example of the peninsula defenders who fought to the last man.

The Third Division on Southern Bougainville captured shell-scarred Egans Ridge, cleared the Buin Road between the Hongorai and Pororei Rivers and are now nearing the important track junction of Runai.

Wheat Shortage In Thana District

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, May 23.—At the monthly press conference, the food situation in the Thana District was reviewed. The authorities expressed their general satisfaction at the food situation and assured the representatives of the press that they would continue to give a general ration of 4 1/2 paylees per head to every adult member of the district and half of it to every child. The composition of the rationed articles may, however, undergo some changes.

As regards rice, it was stated that the Government were able to procure from the district nealy 34,000 tons of rice out of which nearly 14,500 tons were exported. They could assure the general public 2 paylees or rice to every adult and half of it to every child, in spite of these exports.

The district, however, ran short of wheat and a fresh allotment of wheat was not expected, in view of the general shortage of wheat in the country. The present stock may be enough for hardly two months: after that the district will have to go without wheat It was assured that arrangements were being made to have adequate quantities of other millets.

The sugar situation of the district showed no improvement and the areas which are receiving only 15 tolas per head per month will have no increase in their sugar ration. Industrial workers in Ambernath will have one pound per head per month.

CHOLERA SPREADING

The cholera epidemic is spreading in some of the Talukas of the Thana District, Kalyan, Murbad and Shahapur are some of the affected Talukas. Government have adopted stringent precautionary measures. All tea shops and public eating houses in the rationed area of Kalyan are closed by the District Magistrate, Thana.

Acute scarcity of cloth is noticed in almost all the Talukas of the Thana District. While cloth is made available to the people in the cities, those in the Taluka towns and in the villages are going without it. The total cloth requirement of the District, if the basic requirement of twelve yards yer head, per year, is taken into consideration is 903 bales. The District authorities have, however, received only 318 bales so far. Neither Dhoties nor saries have been received in this consignment and hence the people of the District who are clamouring for these two primary articles of daily need will have to experience unprecedented hardships.

LABOUR HAND IN GLOVE WITH TORIES ON INDIA ISSUE

Amery To Produce Rabbit From Churchill's Hat For Wavell's Bag

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, May 22.

We have seen the spectacle of Mr. Herbert Morrison denouncing Mr. Churchill's election ultimatum as blackmailing, Mr. Attlee telling Churchill in reply to his proposal for prolonging the life of Parliament that he could not consent to the introduction into British national life of a device so alien to all their traditions as a referendum which has only too often been an instrument of Nazism and Fascism. This concerns Britain's domestic politics but over imperial issues such as India, there is Tory-Labour combination. That is why, although since joining Churchill's Government she had her first public opportunity to refer to India Ellen Wilkinson avoided the Indian issue in her presidential address. But in keeping with Blackpool tradition we have had a punch and judy show It was, therefore, enacted to satisfy the curiosity of the thousand and odd delegates. It was left to Harold Laski to unleash his tongue against Amery.

LASKI-AMERY TUSSLE

Although Prof. Laski attacked M. Amery, he in fact told his Labour colleagues in Churchill's Government what he thought of them. Laski knows, as he has so often publicly stated, that these Labour Ministers are as much responsible for the India policy of Government as Churchill and Amery. Laski has not much faith in professed good intentions of Attlee, Morrison and Bevin over the India issue. Many in the Labour movement have been driven to the conclusion that so far as India is concerned, their Party leaders have reached an understanding with the Tories to make India a non-party issue at the general election. It has been said by many Labourites including Laski that Attlee cannot yet forget the black flags which greeted him on arrival in India as a member of the Simon Commission. They say that Morrison who prides himself as a cokney is more interested in the welfare of East End, London than that is the teeming millions of Indians. The charge against Bevin is that he feels he has done a good turn to India by bringing boys from India to play with antiquated machines. Arthur Greenwood wants to be left alone on the India issue because he feels so hurt by the attitude of the Indian Congress leaders who rejected his paternal advice in 1942 and passed the so-called Quit India resolution.

As for Miss Ellen Wilkinson, they just dig out her old speeches—her tirades against Churchill, her lavish praises of Gandhiji and Nehru. This certainly makes Red Ellen redder. She exasperatingly cries at her accusers in Labour ranks: "This is not playing the game."

AMERY'S HAT TRICK

However it seems from Prof. Laski's statement that Mr. Amery will produce his rabbit from Mr. Churchill's hat within the next 48 hours—in all probability to-morrow, Wednesday—but it won't be for public display. This will be the British Govment's new superb abracadabra. It will be neatly wrapped and packed for Lord Wavell to take back to India after receiving "O. K." from Messrs. Attlee, Morrison and Bevin.

PRAMANIK SPEAKS TO BR. MINERS

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, May 22.

Several Indians are attending the Labour Party Conference at Blackpool. Some of them are delegates and others visitors. Mr. Sudhindra Pramanik, Indian Trade Union leader has also been a delegate to the Miners' Conference presided over by Will Lawther. Mr. Pramanik in the course of his speech drew attention to the gravity of the Indian situation and explained how Indian workers were exploited under the present system of Government and asked the delegates to force the hands of the British Government to reach a settlement with India, immediate steps in this direction being the release of all political prisoners, consultations with Gandhiji and his colleagues for the formation of a Government of National Unity representing all parties.

During the past eight weeks Mr. Pramanik has visited Britain's important industrial centres—Manchester, Liverpool, Lancashire, Yorkshire, Glasgow and Dundee—and has addressed several meetings arranged by the Miners' Union, Trades Councils and Co-operative Societies In his honour the Scottish T. U. C held a luncheon at Aberdeen toasting for India. The chairman referred to the heroic struggle of Indian workers under very difficult conditions. He asked Mr. Pramanik to convey the sympathy of the British Labour movement to the Indian workers in their struggle for political and economic freedom.

JOURNALIST ARRESTED FOR DEFYING GOVT. ORDER

INDORE, May 23. (U.P.I.): Mr. Suryanarayan Sharma, General Secretary of the Central India States' Journalists' Conference, was arrested under the Defence of India Rules for the alleged contravention of the Indore Government's order served on him last month asking him not to send any news, article or writing without having it pre-censored by the Inspector General of Police, Indore.

Following the arrest, Mr. Sharma's residence was searched and a few manuscripts seized.

Mr. Sharma was presented before the District Magistrate who ordered his release on two bails and two personal securities.

Mr. Jainarayan Vyas, General Secretary of the All-India States' People's Conference has issued a statement condemning the Indore Government's action asking Mr. Suryanarayan Sharma, a journalist, to get all news pre-censored before sending it and deporting Mr. Baleshwardayal, a social worker.

OUDH COURT ON CONDUCT OF JAIL OFFICIALS

LUCKNOW, May 22. (A.P.I.): In the Chief Court of Oudh to-day Mr. Justice L. S. Misra and Mr. Justice Madeley, while dismissing an application of a political detenu named Laxman Prasad Sharma, expressed disapproval of the conduct of jail authorities in denying to the applicant facilities for obtaining legal assistance in the matter of filing the "habeas corpus" petition and in withholding another petition made under Sec. 491 of the Cr. P. C.

After referring to the fact that the requisite notice under the detention ordinance was not issued to the detenu till over five months had elapsed and the detenu had succeeded in getting the present application forwarded to the Court, their lordship observed: "It is difficult to believe that till December 23, 1944, it was against public interest to inform the detenu of the charge. In our opinion the inordinate delay in sending the notice displays either negligence or indifference".

10,000 MINERS ON STRIKE

BANGALORE, May 23. (U.P.I.): Ten thousand workers of various departments of mining operations of the Nandydoorg Champion Reef Mines have struck work from May 20 over some dispute between the Labour Association and the Mining Companies.

The Labour Association have wired to the Mysore Government requesting their intervention.

Mr. B. G. Appadorai Mudaliar, Labour Commissioner, Mysore Government, has started for the place.

FEAR OF CHINA BEING SPLIT INTO TWO STATES

WASHINGTON, May 22 (Reuter): Russia will join in the war against Japan and as a result China will be virtually split into two States.

The statement was made to-day to the House of Representatives by the former personal observer to President Roosevelt in the India, Burma and China theatres, Representative, M. Mansfield of Montana.

Mr. Mansfield urged that a meeting of the "Big Three" be held before Russia entered the war to define Allied policy towards Japan. Otherwise, he said, as a result of Russian participation "Chinese Communists would be Allied to Russia and the Chungking Government would, in a sense, be anti-Russian."

NEW INSTITUTE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Tatas Sponsor Important Project Of All-India Character

A new institute for scientific research is being started in Bombay. The institute will be known as the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research in Physics, and will be under the direction of Dr H. J. Bhabha F.R.S.

The scheme for such an institute has its origin in the support given by the Sir Dorab Tata Trust for three years to a Cosmic Ray Research Unit under Dr. Bhabha at the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore. In the Unit, mathematical research on fundamental theoretical problems was carried on as well as experimental research on cosmic radiation. For the present the main work of the new institute will be in the same field.

The Trustees of the Sir Dorab Tata Trust approached the Government of Bombay in 1944 with a view to obtaining their co-operation for the establishment of such an institute for fundamental research. The Government of Bombay in keeping with their plans for post-war development have given due consideration to the proposals from the Trust and under the guidance of a Provisional Council of Management, on which both Government and the Trust are represented the new institute will commence work shortly in temporary premises. The Provisional Council consists of:—

Sir Sorab Saklatvala, Kt., (Chairman),
Mr. S N. Moos, C.I.E., I.E.S.,
Dr. John Matthai C.I.E.,
Dr. H. J. Bhabha, F.R.S.

The plans of Government and the Trust envisage an institution of an All-India character, and the permanent aspects of the scheme (in respect of site, buildings and equipment) are under consideration.

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* The name Tulsol is derived from the Tulsi leaves extract of which it contains. Tulsi leaves have been recognised for their healing properties for many centuries.

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CASPREN: Instant relief from Headache, Toothache, Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains during Colds and Influenza.
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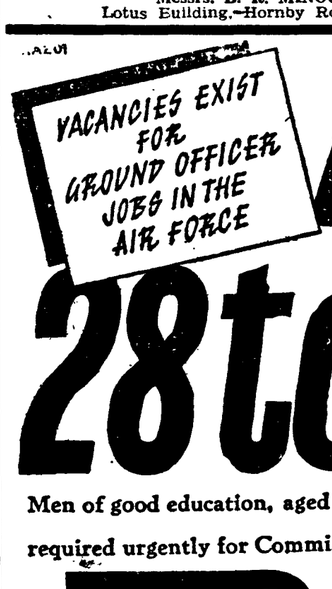

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Photographer (Ground)
Signals (Radar)
Signals (Ground)
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Meteorology
Catering • Education
Engineering • Accounts
Motor Transport
Administration (General)
Administration (Codes & Cyphers)

REMEMBER. Experience with the R.I.A.F. will be of enormous value to many men when peace returns. Not only civil organisations will require trained personnel, but Government, too, have undertaken to retain a large number of posts under their jurisdiction for ex-service men. Additionally, plans are already being made for the post-war vocational training of men with war-service, if they desire it.

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The R.I.A.F. G.D., (Pilots) Recruiting, Officer, 24, Assaye Buildings, Colaba, Bombay.
Any Recruiting Officer or Technical Recruiting Officer, or The Collector of Bombay, Chairman, Bombay Division Selection Committee, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay.

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Cawnpore	Hajiganj
Delhi	Brahmanbaria
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Benares	Cuttack
Bhagalpur	Bazar Bi
Dacca	Comilla
Nawabpur	Chittagong
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Share Bazar Steady Absorbing Realising Sales

HEAVY PROFESSIONAL COVERING IN COTTON MARKET

Bullion Prices Move Within Narrow Range

BOMBAY, May 23.

After yesterday's sharp rise the Bombay Stock Exchange was called upon today to absorb realising sales on technical consideration and the action of the market proves that there is more potential buying on declines. Buyers were cautious and fluctuations were confined to narrow limits. The market is preparing for the usual monsoon boom. As a result of day's trading Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 1/4. Ordinary annas eight. Bombay Dyeings Rs. 5/- and Kohinoors one point.

Bullion market was quietly steady with a restricted turnover.

Cotton market opened quiet but soon advanced on heavy short covering from professional quarters. Tone was steady.

The local Share Bazar was steady to-day with a moderate turnover and after yesterday's sharp rise, buyers were cautious. There was some long liquidation which was taken up and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Tata Steel Dfds. moved between Rs. 2150 and Rs. 2160. Ordinary shares after declining to Rs. 402 improved to Rs. 405. Bombay Dyeing shares after declining to Rs. 1830 advanced to Rs. 1905 while Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 615. The market feeling is moderately bullish and beyond technical reaction, there is more inclination to follow-up the rise. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 40/4. Central India shares were quoted at Rs. 377/8. Gokaks were steady at Rs. 302. Simplex shares came in business at Rs. 288. Associated Cements were placed at Rs 239. Bellapurs were quoted at Rs. 217/8 and Bombay Burmas changed hands at Rs. 550. Tone was steady.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

MILLS

Apollo 4 3 15/9 4/0/6
Bharat 59/8
B. Dyeing 1897/8 92/8 96/4 92/8
190-7/8 1/4 7/8 1900 1907/8 6/4
Central India 377 75/8 78-77 79/8 77/8 78/8 76/8 77
Colaba 221 22 21
Edward 655 50 55 52/8 (Ex Div)
Elphinstone (Ord) 80
Elphinstone (Pref) 122/8 21/14
Finlay 296/8 95/8 97 96 97
Gokak 302 3 1/8 4 1/8 2
India United Defd 3/1/6 3/1 3/2 3/1/6 3/2
India United Ord 15/3 15 15/5 15/2/6
Indore 1717/8 18/12 15 20 16/4
Kohinoor 614 10/8 16/8 13/8 15/8 13 14/8 13/8 15
Luxmi 1315
Madhusudan 402/8
Meyer 197/8 96/4 97/8
Model 235
Morarjee 705 15
Mysore 287/8 80
New Great 379 77 79 78/8 79 78
Phoenix 622/8
Sassoon Cotton 20/12 20/8
Simplex 285 87 84 86/8 85/6 87 84 85/8
Swadeshi 530 31 29 33 31 32 30 32
Swan 310 10/8
Tata Mills 60 59/8 60 59/4
Vishnu 477/8

BANKS:

Baroda 138
Central 78/4 78/12 78
Imperial (Old) 2002/8
Imperial (New) 497/8
India 185/12
National Savings (P P) 37
Reserve 138 39
Union 8/12
Dena Bank 76

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 246/4
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1740
Tram (Ord) 142/8 42 42/8 42
Hydro (Ord) 202/8
Power (Ord) 1627/8 25

INSURANCE

British India 22/2
Empire 1082/8 80
Jupiter 30/8 32/8
New India 79/12 80/4
Bombay Steam 556/4 60
Scindia 34/1 34/8 35/6 35/2 35/5 35/2 35/3
Tata Steel Defd 2155 50 55 45 52/8 46/4 67/8 60 67/8 52/8 61/4
Tata Steel Ord 404 2 3/8 1/8 5 4 6/8 4/8 5/8 4 5 4/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 164 63

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 435 33/12 35
A. Cement 239 37/8 38/8
Belapur 218 18/8 18 19 18/8
Burmah (Old) 545 40 42/8 37/8 40
Burmah (New) 201/4 198/12 200
B B Petrol 6/0/6 5/15/6
Port Canning 105 4/8
P. Construction (Ord) 224 22/8 23 22 23/8
Shivrajpur 51
Tata Chemical 19/2 19/11
Tata Oil 68/8 68
Walchandnagar I (Ord) 535
Madhavji (Defd) 17 17/2

GOLD AND SILVER

SCATTERED REALISING.

The Reserve Bank of India sold to-day 150 bars Silver at Rs. 130/9 and 35,000 tolas Gold at Rs 75/5.

In the local market forward Gold opened at Rs. 75 and declined to Rs. 74/12 on scattered realising. Forward Silver opened at Rs 130/4 and quietened at 129/14 and steadied at Rs 130. Next Settlement was quoted at Rs. 129/8

Later on there was heavy covering and Gold after advancing to Rs. 75/4 reacted to Rs. 75/9. Silver after advancing to Rs. 132/4 reacted to Rs. 131/10 Next Settlement after advancing to Rs. 131/10 closed at Rs. 131/4. Closing quotations:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Gold Ready	75	13	0
Gold Settlement	75	9	0
Sovereigns	51	4	0
Silver Ready	131	10	0
Current Settlement	131	10	0
Next Settlement	131	0	0

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHUJ, May 23.

To-day Hundi Koris 365 Gold Rs 73.

BOMBAY COTTON

QUOTATIONS RECOVER ON PROFESSIONAL COVERING.

The local cotton market opened quiet to-day as after the official close yesterday some business was done at lower levels. This attitude on the part of some professional operators was mainly responsible for lower opening at Rs. 403/8 for July delivery. Professional Bears took advantage of this undue decline and their covering hardened July to Rs. 409 and later the market steadied at Rs 408. Based on the statistical situation cotton is a purchase although it is after claimed not to bull the tail of a short crop. But this theory has no place to-day in the market as our prices are the cheapest and well below the cost of production.

Later on there was some buying and July improved to Rs 409/8 and steadied at Rs 408/8. There was again renewed short covering and July advanced to Rs 411. There were unfounded rumours about bears joining bulls to corner the market which seems unlikely. Thereafter there were various gossips and July improved to Rs 412/8. The market closed at 6 p m as under:—

I C C May	400	8	0
I C C July	412	0	0
I C C Sept.	425	0	0

Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton July Contract is 732 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

High & Low Cotton Prices

I.C.C May Highest 395-1/2, Lowest 393-1/2, Closing at 6 p.m. 394.

I.C.C July Highest 408. Lowest 401-1/2. Closing at 6 p m 406.

I.C.C Sept. Highest 422-1/2. Lowest 416 Closing at 6 p.m. 420-1/4.

Karachi 4F July Highest 41/6/0, Lowest 40/12/0, Closing at 6 p.m. 41/4/9

Bombay Produce

The Produce Market was steady with a moderate business. Groundnuts Khandesh quality Nizam Rs. 14/6 and Koromondal Rs. 14/7, Bombay Bold Rs. 14/2 and Nizam Bold Rs. 13/14. Goa delivery Rs. 73/14. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 15/9, Goa Rs. 15/9 and Navlakhi Rs. 15/8. Linseed C P. and U. P. Rs. 16/12 G. I. P. Rs. 16/11/6, N S Rly. Rs. 16/11 and Satna Rs. 16/6.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Cotton Bales	3053
Groundnuts cwts	9767
Castorseed cwts	919
Linseed cwts	7234

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE
BOMBAY, May 23.

Tata Ordinary 404/8, Tata Deferred 2160 Indian Iron 40/2, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 33/2, Bombay Dyeing 1903/12, Central India 376/4, Century 910, Gokak 302/8, Kohinoor 615 Simplex 285, Andhra Valley 1740, Tata Hydro 203/2, Tata Power 1825, Associated Cement 238/8, Belapur 218/2, Bombay Burma (Old) 542/8.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay May 23.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/sight 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/sight 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. Rates: T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 3/32.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs 332 3/4

Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2 D D Rs. 327 1/2.

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs 302, 1/2

Banks buying T T Rs 297 3/4 D D Rs 295 3/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange Steady dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call one and two months 1/4 p c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone—Easy

INCREASE OF RS. 474 LAKHS IN NOTE ISSUE

BOMBAY, May 23.

The weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended 18th May, shows a further increase of Rs. 474 lakhs in the total note issue. Details are as under:

ISSUE DEPARTMENT
LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	11,84,60,000
Notes in circulation	11,25,38,18,000
Total Notes issued	11,37,22,78,000
Total Liabilities	11,37,22,78,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
Sterling Securities	10,19,32,89,000
Total of A	10,63,74,32,000
B. Rupee Coin	15,64,21,00
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,25,000
Total Assets	11,37,22,78,000
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.538 per cent.	

BANKING DEPARTMENT
LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	2,68,24,86,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,04,37,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	19,02,17,000
(b) Banks	83,97,10,000
(c) Others	26,3 ,92,000
Bills Payable	3,33,12,000
Other Liabilities	19,27,31,000
Rupees	4,31,19,85,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes	(1,84,60,00
Rupee Coin	24,06,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,94,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	6,79,04,000
Balance held abroad*	3,86,11,21,000
Investments	2,40,15,000
Other Assets	4,78,85,000
Rupees	4,31,19,85,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

Sharp Drop In Rye On Chicago Exchange

CHICAGO May 22.

Deferred deliveries ruled steadier attributed chiefly to technical adjustment after yesterday's sharp sell-off and wetness where seeding is delayed trading in the spot month was very active with May rye breaking more than five from the earlier high level owing to liquidation and spotless selling but then rallying smartly on belated covering.

May 1.76-3/4 to 1.77 (1.75-7/8 to 1.76) July 1.62-1/2 to 1.62-5/8 (1.61-3/8) to 1.61-5/8) September 1.59-5/8 to 1.59-1/2 (1.59 to 1.59-1/8)

METAL QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, May 23.

BHANGAR.			
Brass Ready	147	0	0
Brass Ashad	125	12	0
Copper Ready	147	0	0
Copper Ashad	127	4	0

Wall Street Market Irregular

NEW YORK, May 22.

On the Wall Street bidding on peace prospects of earnings and dividends encountered profit-taking and gains losses were about evenly divided at midday in moderately active dealings. Favourites were supported by idle investment funds seeking peacetime prospects. Further relaxation of Government control revived thoughts of huge consumer spending as soon as goods were available. However sceptics were plentiful and cashed profits. Trends were cloudy towards the close which was irregular.

American telephone 167-5/8 (167-1/8) Amerex Corporation 31-3/8 (31-1/8) Anaconda Copper Mining 34-1/4 (34-1/4) Chase National Bank 42-1/4 (41-5/8) Consolidated Oil 16-1/8 (16-3/8) Firestone Tyre and Rubber 61-3/8 (61-5/8) General Electric 43-3/4 (43-1/2) General Electric 43-3/4 (43-1/2) General Motors 68-1/4 (68-3/4) Ingersoland 116 (117) International Nickel 34-1/2 (34-3/4) National City Bank 42-1/4 (42-1/2) New York Central Railroad 26-1/8 (26-1/4) Socony Vacuum 16-1/4 (16-1/4) Texas Corporation 53-1/4 (53) Union Carbon and Carbide 92 (91-1/2) U S Smelting Refining 66 (67) U. S. Steel 66-5/8 (66-1/4) Western Union Telegraph 48-1/4 (47-1/8).—Reuter

Price Fixing In July In New York Cotton Market

NEW YORK, May 22.

Cotton after early irregularity rallied with the increased price fixing in July and October a feature, the improved technical position and insect complaints in texas together with bullish spot and textile news contributing factors realising eventually halted the advance latterly prices ruled quiet and firm on persistent dribbling of price-fixing and trade buying which found contracts scarce. market closed very steady.

NEW YORK COTTON.

July	22.88+10
July highest (10-48 a.m.)	22.89+11
July lowest (10-20 p.m.)	22.77—01
October	22.42+15
December	22.29+12
March	22.17+08
May	22.07+11
July	21.86+09
Middling Spot	23.35+12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

July	22.89+09
October	22.40+09
December	22.30+10
January	M
March	22.17+09
May	22.06—
Middling Spot	22.34—01

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

July	22.84
October	22.34
December	22.23

LONDON EXCHANGES
LONDON, May 22.

T. T. London, On:

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

"SLANDER ON PHONE"

Accused Trapped In Well Laid Plan And Fined Rs. 800/-

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The protracted hearing of what was known as the telephone harassment case ended in the conviction of the accused Mahmed Sooleman Akhoon, a Burmese evacuee. Mr. M.A.F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Court sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 800 or in default to undergo three months simple imprisonment.

In a complaint lodged by Dr. (Miss) Joseph declaring that she was subjected to a considerable harassment and annoyance by some unknown person Sub-Inspector Miranda of the C.I.D. and the Executive Engineer of Telephones Mr. Jellman led a trap to catch the culprit.

The accused was found guilty not only of insulting the modesty of a respectable lady doctor by a foul language but also of misusing an instrument of utility and service for a wicked purpose—a practice held to be not uncommon in the city.

The Magistrate characterised the crime as a "campaign of slander and vilification" and commended the smart investigation of Sub-Inspector G. Miranda.

MAGISTRATE ACQUITS ACCUSED CHARGED UNDER ARMS ACT

Mr. Dhirajlal J. Ganatra Advocate put up a strong plea of innocence while defending Mallikharjan Rao who was charged with being in possession of a dagger without licence under 'Arms Act', before Mr. Nasrullah, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Court.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the dagger was found in the coat-pocket of the accused and that he had no licence for its possession.

It was contended by Mr. Dhirajlal that the article was not found with him and that the article was not a dagger at all. That the sanction given by the Commissioner of Police for the prosecution was defective. No date was put on the sanction and as there was no evidence to find out as to when the sanction was given the prosecution must fail.

The definition of "Arms" in the Indian Arms Act was not exhaustive and the true meaning must be arrived at by consideration of the merits of each case. Neither the length, breadth nor the form of the blade of a weapon was defined. Whatever was an ordinary implement of domestic purpose did not fall within the purview of the Act.

The only prohibition retained by the Bombay Government was that contained in section 13 of the 'Act'. And therefore the possession of "Jambia" did not constitute an offence in the Bombay Province.

The Magistrate accepting the argument advanced by the Defence acquitted the accused.

CONVICTED FOR ASSAULTING POLICE OFFICERS

The case of Madhav Shridhar Pradhan and Ambelal Khandubai Desai, Police Officers of the Bombay City Police who were assaulted on the night of the 16th instant, during the course of investigations, by means of dangerous weapons, came up before Mr. F. D. Kanga, Presidency Magistrate Mazagoan Court.

The Magistrate found all the four accused (Javanese Seamen) guilty of the offence.

The first accused Daklan Sarniman was, sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150 or in default to undergo 6 months' rigorous imprisonment. Accused 2, 3 and 4, Mariang Martacho, Wakiche Pavirine and Charpar Kalivi were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default to undergo 4 weeks' rigorious imprisonment each. All the accused paid their fines.

CASHIER IN CITY FIRM REMANDED

Karsindas Padamsi Thappa was put under arrest on a charge of misappropriating a sum of Rs. 7,000 from the firm of Natwarlal Kishanlal and Co. situated at Samuel Street. Accused was a cashier in the said Firm.

He was ordered to be remanded into Police custody by Mr. M. Nasrullah, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagoan Court to-day.

PEDESTRIAN WAYLAID AND STABBED

While Vishram Meghji, Mehta of Morarji Khimji building was going home along Masjid Bunder Road late last night, he was waylaid by a gang of four persons who stabbed him and attempted to rob his purse.

The culprits quickly absconded after the incident. The victim was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he is lying in a precarious condition. Deputy Inspector Khan of the City Police later arrested the gang at Bhat Bazaar

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, May 22.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	72-3/4
Consols 2-1/2 p c	83-1/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	103-5/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	113-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-9/16
Chartered Bank Of I A & China	12-1/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg).	86-1/2
National Bank of India	44

Expectations Of Normal Monsoon In Bombay

But No Indications Of Break-Up Of Hot Weather Are Yet In Sight

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

There are no indications at present to preclude the prospects of a normal monsoon this year though thunderstorm activities the harbingers of a break in the weather are not yet in sight.

The weather till then will continue to be unbearably hot and the conditions almost intolerable.

The maximum heat at present as recorded at Colaba is 92 degrees, that is one degree above normal and the minimum 82 degrees, two degrees above normal. Humidity in the air is 77 per cent considered to be almost normal.

The prickly heat combined with the paucity of normal and usual diet has led to an increasing number of cases of scabies in the city—tiny tots and weak children being ready victims.

The abnormal heat during the day time is not always relieved during the night by cool breezes. This is because the skies are thickly scudded with banks of grey clouds, while the thunderstorm activities in the South Indian ocean and other factors which are the prelude of the breaking of the monsoon are absent. Till such conditions materialise Bombay will be subject to a continuance of unbearable heat and uncomfortable nights.

The first symptoms of monsoon come from Ceylon where the first drops of rainfall lead to the whipping up of the north-westerly breeze towards Malabar and the western coast.

The Arabian sea will then swell and surge. The cool north-western breeze will sweep over Bombay, turn the weather over night and make the city's roads wet and glistening with the first showers. This usually happens late in the first week or early in the second week of June.

Thanksgiving Service By Grant Road And Tardeo Parsis

A Thanksgiving service was held at Mithaiwala's Agiary, Grant Road to celebrate the Allies' victory in Europe. After the Jashan ceremony Dasturji Manekji Bhathena, addressing the congregation, offered prayers to God Almighty for delivering Europe from horrors of war and terrors of Nazism and Fascism, and prayed that the efforts of the Allies in the Far East, would similarly be crowned with success soon. The function was held under the joint auspices of Sleater Road and Tardeo Jarthosti Mandals. Mr. Ruttonsha P. Dalal, Vice-President of Sleater Road Mandal and a member of the Income-tax Tribunal (B.P.), also spoke in similar terms, hoping they would soon meet again there to celebrate victory over Japan. Mr. Faredun Marshall of the Tardeo Jarthosti Mandal thanked Mr. Dalal and Dasturji for their participation in the function.

Britain Cuts Down Rations

LONDON, May 22. (Reuter): The people of Britain, hoping for more and better food, now that the war in Europe is over, to-day had a rude shock when the Food Minister, Col. J. J. Llewellin announced cuts in basic rations of between 10 and 50 per cent.

The main reductions in percentages announced by Col. Llewellin are: Meat 8 per cent, bacon 25 per cent, cooking fat 50 per cent, milk annual reduction earlier than usual, rice out for the year, soap 12 per cent.

MONTY'S NEW ASSIGNMENT

MADE C. IN C. OF BRITISH FORCES OF OCCUPATION IN GERMANY

LONDON May 22 (Reuter) The Prime Minister Mr. Church, announced from 10 Downing Street, to-night that by command of the King Field Marshal Sir Bernard Montgomery had been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the British forces of occupation in Germany and British Member of the Allied Control Council in Germany. His chief representative for control questions will be Lieutenant-General Sir Ronald Weeks.

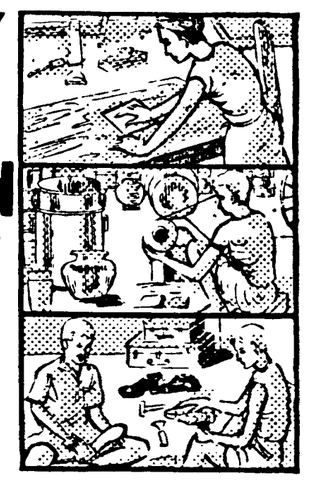
"A THREAT OF WAR"

LONDON, May 22 (Reuter). Belgrade radio quoted today the Yugoslav Communist newspaper "Bobra" which described Field Marshal Alexander's message to his troops on the position in the Trieste area as a "threat of war".

"Bobra" said: There is no need to be specially assured in reading Field Marshal Alexander's message to his officers in which he draws attention to the problems now facing us to understand that the message represents a threat of war towards our country.

Field Marshal Alexander's message has caused dissatisfaction and surprise in our country.

Agents
D. M. VOHRA
8 Vithaldoss Road.
BOMBAY—2.



AJAX quality coated abrasives are in demand in all industries where quality counts. Wood, metal and leather industries use Ajax abrasive extensively.

FLINT (SAND)
GARNET
EMERY
AJAXITE PAPER
CLOTH
DISCS
ROLLS
BELTS
TAPES
Etc., Etc.

AJAX
PRODUCTS LTD.
106, ARMENIAN STREET
MADRAS

Managing Agents
MURUGAPPA & SONS.

Sole Selling Agents:
The BOMBAY CO., LTD., BOMBAY

A-J-K

MUTT AND JEFF— As A Matter Of Fact Neither One Of Them Ever Saw A Foxhole — By BUD FISHER

HAVEN'T I SHAVED YOU BEFORE, SOLDIER?
NO! I GOT THAT SCAR ON MY FACE AT TARAWA!
OH, WERE YOU WOUNDED THERE, SIR?
YEH!
HOW WERE YOU WOUNDED, SIR?
BY A SHELL IN A FOXHOLE ON THE BEACH!
DID THE SHELL EXPLODE?
NO, IT CREPT UP BEHIND ME AND BIT ME!
OYSTER OR CLAM?

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

LOST & FOUND

Left in gharry outside Cricket Club 3-10 yesterday, one small brown suit case initials A. M. containing two evening dresses—one blue, one black. Finder please phone MacRae 27531 or 34973. Reward offered. 8253

MATRIMONIAL

A 32 year old Charming bachelor wants friendship fair sex view marriage. Applicant must be independent minded, educated, cultured and good looking above 27 years old. No restrictions of caste, creed or religion. Apply own handwriting Box No. 8223, "Bombay Chronicle." Correspondence private.

Correspondence are invited from cultured ladies for intellectual friendship for an young engineer of respectability and position with a view to matrimony. Apply Box No. 8240, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Graduates in Arts and Science for Science, Maths, English, Sanskrit-Gujarati and Matriculates for Drawing, Hindi and Drill, from June 1945. Apply immediately stating minimum salary to the Headmaster, New High School, Gandevi, Via Billimora. 3351

Wanted One B.A., B.T., and one Under-graduate (Couple preferred) to serve as teachers in British East Africa. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. Apply with copies of testimonials stating minimum salary acceptable to Mr. Rashid Abdulla Vayani, Cutch Kera. 8248

Applications in writing with copies of certificates and testimonials, are invited from suitably qualified women candidates for (a) the post of part-time Lecturer in Anatomy and Physiology, Hygiene and Biology. Medical woman preferred. Private practice allowed. Salary Rs. 200- per mensem with dearness allowance of Rs. 25|- per mensem. (b) the post of Physical Instructress. Salary Rs. 200|- per mensem with dearness allowance of Rs. 25|- per mensem. Applications should reach the Directress, Lady Irwin College, Sikandra Road, New Delhi, on or before July 5th, 1945. 3354

Wanted Tailors to stitch Life Jackets. Apply Royal Laundry, 25, Hamam St., Fort. (8232)

Wanted experienced Copy-holders on salary of Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs 12-8as. Minimum qualification matriculation. Apply with certificate to the Manager "The Bombay Chronicle" Fort, Bombay.

Wanted for Shri Maharanji Sahiba's Girls' High School, Kotah, following lady teachers:—1. A Music teacher with a University degree in music or Highest Examination of Gwalior or Baroda or Entrance Examination of Holkar State or Diploma Examination of Allahabad University Pay Rs. 80-5-125. 2. A Drawing teacher with drawing teacher's training certificate from Jaipur or Lahore or Calcutta or Intermediate grade certificate of Sir J. J. School Bombay. Pay Rs. 40-2-60. 3. A graduate with Domestic Science and History or Hindi Pay Rs. 75-5-100. 4. A graduate with English Literature and Sanskrit or Hindi or History and Geography in Matric or Inter. Pay Rs. 75-5-100. All posts are pensionable. Apply by the 15th June with testimonials and two references to the Headmistress. 3328

M.T.B. College, Surat:—Applications stating age, educational qualifications, experience and minimum salary desired are invited so as to reach the Principal before 25th May for the post of Lecturer (or Professor) in (1) Economics. (2) Biology, (3) Mathematics. 4) Education, (5) Philosophy, (6) Physics (7) English and also for the posts of Demonstrators in Biology and Physics. 3065

Rural Uplift: Wanted really enthusiastic capable and energetic rural workers with initiative responsibility and spirit of service for posts of one Commandant at Rs. 200-300 and two Assistants at Rs. 100-200 perferably young and possessing agricultural degrees, also 5 Instructors, for a large village, training camp, a model project, comprising 500 or more young farmers being taught agriculture village improvement and a better way of life, as a novel approach to rural reconstruction. Prospects according to abilities. Apply to Box 3327, "Bombay Chronicle" stating age, nationality, mother tongue and a copy of recent photograph.

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted 3 room block upto Vile Parle in exchange for a double room tenament in Talmakiwadi Apply Box. No. 8255 "Bombay Chronicle".

HEALTH RESORTS

For health & comfort remember exhibition view guest house, Srinagar. Open air Wide garden. Family sets with kitchen. Book at once. 8253.

MEDICAL ADLETS

B. P. S. Caffein Aspirin for Headache and fever. 2 tablets in packets obtainable at chemists and dealers. Tablets Limited, P. B. 67, Madras. Bombay Address:—Tablets Limited, 11, Western India House, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. 3170

Diabetes-Rejuvenation—Safe Radical Treatment in 30 days or money back. Specialist Audimcolam. Indo-Trading Co., Tiruvarur (Madras). 8199

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

OFFERS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for the sale of a very valuable undermentioned freehold property, situate at the corner of Forjett Street and Gowalia Tank Road.

SCHEDULE.

Land together with the shops standing thereon, situate at the corner of Gowalia Tank Road and Forjett Street, Bombay, containing by admeasurement four hundred and ninety-five square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey No. 645 of the Malabar and Cumballa Hills Division and bearing Municipal D Ward No. 3392 (1a) and Street Nos. 59 to 75. The monthly rent of the property is Rs. 400|-.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Messrs. R. E. PAPA & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Jalbhoy Dhanjibhoy Contractor and others, Trustees of the late Bai Jerbai Dhunjibhai Contractor.
41, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay
Dated this 16th May, 1945.
3290

NOTICE

OFFERS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for the sale of a very valuable undermentioned freehold property situate at Forjett Street Gowalia Tank Road.

SCHEDULE.

Land together with the bungalow, servants' quarters and a cottage standing thereon, situate at Forjett Street, Bombay, containing by admeasurement according to the last title deed one thousand two hundred and twenty-nine square yards and according to Cadastral Survey one thousand two hundred and seventy-six square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1|645 of Malabar and Cumballa Hills Division and Municipal D Ward No. 3392 (1) and Street Nos 55 and 57. The monthly rent of the property is Rs. 555|-.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Messrs. R. E. PAPA & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Shavakshaw Sheriarji Patel,
41, Hamam Street. Fort, Bombay
and
Mr. Dinshaw Cawasji Neturwalla. Lam Road, Deolali.
Dated this 16th May, 1945.
3289

LEASE OF COTTON GINNING & PRESSING FACTORIES

Four Cotton Ginning & Pressing Factories at Montgomery, Pattoki, Sargodha and Mandi Bahauddin in the Punjab, respectively, are to be leased for the cotton season 1945-46. For full particulars of these factories and of the lease terms application should be made to the Custodian of the assets of Messrs. Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd., "Menkwa Building," Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, in time to reach him on or before the 15th June, 1945.

N. J. B. MINAHAN,
Custodian of Enemy Property.
(3313)

M. & S. M. RAILWAY—TENDER.

I. The Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Rly., invites sealed tenders for the maintenance contract works on the Metre Gauge Line from Gadag to Sholapur M.G.

II. Tenders should be submitted in the prescribed form which can be obtained from the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Rly., Park Town, Madras, on payment of Rs. 10|- each, which is not refundable and must be submitted so as to reach his office not later than 12 noon on Thursday, the 5th July, 1945. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500|-.
(3323)

WORKSHOP SWEEPINGS AND COKE ASH

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of workshop sweepings and coke cinders from the Bombay Telephone Workshops; details may be obtained from the Manager, Bombay Telephone Workshops, Gell Street, Bombay, 11. Tenders received after the 31-5-45 will not be considered. 3342

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Oral Academies 125 courses at Rock-Bottom Fees. Admission upto Fourteenth June. For 'Free Prospectus' write with Details today: Principal Raikar, 104A, Girgaon Road. 3256

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Stockists and Sole Agents to sell our Popular Pencil in Bombay City and Presidency. Apply sharply to Popular Pencil Works, Pattathanam, Quilon. 8229

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIP

Wanted a Financier to invest upto Rs. 1 lac in a safe running business either on partnership or interest basis. Apply Box No. 8251 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted urgently a second-hand car not older than 1939 model in first class running order. Correspond with particulars with Executive Engineer, Bombay Aviation Division, C.P.W.D. Bombay. 3360

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Some shares of National Chemical & Salt Works (India) Ltd., are for sale. The Company is paying Dividend regularly since 1940 & owns factories in Bengal, Orissa and Madras. Please Apply to: City Investment Corporation Ltd., 7, Swallow Lane, Calcutta. (3315)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following quantities (in gallons) of Cellulose Lacquer lying at the places shown below:—

Nomenclature:	Calcutta.	Karachi	Cochin.	Allahabad.	Lahore.
Dope Dark green.		55			1050
„ „ earth.	5875	480	4255		22005
„ sky blue.	5348	1920	190		6542
„ dull blue			1719	1684	31597
„ red.		121			10179

The goods will be sold in their present condition without guarantee of condition Firms desirous of inspecting stores will be given necessary letters of authority to inspect the stores at the station most convenient to them. The permit can also be had from the Controller of Supplies of that area.

Offers should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Govt. Treasury in favour of the Director of Disposals, New Delhi. The offers should reach the Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by 4 P.M. on 6-6-1945 and to remain open for acceptance upto 16-6-45. The sale of the stores will be subject to conditions laid down in form 'Con-117 and delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed by 10-7-1945. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rate to be quoted should be per gallon.
3353

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, BURMA.

OWNERS OF PROPERTY in Burma, who are at present absent from Burma are informed that a Custodian of Property has been appointed by the Chief Civil Affairs Officer, Burma.

Owing to the limited staff available, the Custodian of Property will only take into custody such property belonging to absent owners of British, Allied and Neutral nationality which is of substantial value and can by no other means be preserved from serious loss.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY. In order to assist the Custodian, it has been decided to appoint Committees of Inspection for each of the main COMMERCIAL and INDUSTRIAL interests in Burma namely—

1. General Merchants and Banks
2. Mining
3. Mineral Oil
4. Rice
5. Rubber, Tung Oil and Tea
6. Sundry Produce (Cotton, Vegetable Oils, Pulses, Sugar).
7. Timber
8. Utilities (Inland Water Transport, Electricity, Telephones, Building and Motor Repair)

These Committees, whose members will be nominated by the Burma Indian Chamber of Commerce, the Chinese Chamber of Commerce (Burma) and the Burma Chamber of Commerce, will be allowed to visit Burma, survey the properties, take such steps as may be practicable for their preservation and report, through the Custodian of Property, to the owners.

All owners should therefore send particulars of their property to the appropriate Chamber of Commerce from whom particulars of the Scheme can be obtained.

The scheme does NOT include agricultural land or residential property.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY:—Except in the most exceptional circumstances it will not be possible for the Custodian of Property to take into his custody residential property. He will however endeavour to give owners as much information about such properties as possible. Enquiries together with a full description of the property, should be addressed to the Custodian of Property at the address given below.

P. M. BEECHENO,
Lieutenant Colonel,
Custodian of Property,
Civil Affairs Staff (Burma),
ADV. HQ. ALFSEA.
3359

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Fort Trust, at his office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, by 1 p. m. (N.S.T.) on Tuesday, the 12th June 1945, for the supply of the following:—

1. 8 TONS PAINT ZINC WHITE MOIST GENUINE.
2. 2,000 GALLONS—OIL LINSEED DOUBLE BOILED.

Tender forms for each of the above can be obtained separately from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2|- per copy for each item, which will not be sent by V.P.P.

S. M. DOCTOR,
Ag. Controller of Stores.
(3352)

ANNOUNCEMENT

Will anybody interested in the affairs of Sir T. VIJAYA RAGHAVACHARIA and Messrs. MODERN MERCANTILE CO., both of BOMBAY who had advanced money for supplying Dr. W. C. ROY'S FAMOUS SPECIFIC FOR INSANITY AND ALL OTHER MENTAL DISEASES KNOWN AS "ROYAPILLA OR ROY'S PILLS" communicate to us.

S. C. ROY & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemist,
167-3, Cornwallis Street,
CALCUTTA.
8252

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RESERVATION OF UPPER CLASS SEATS & BERTHS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

IT IS NOTIFIED that with effect from Thursday, May 24th, 1945, the Berths Reservation Office at Victoria Terminus will be kept open only **from 9 hours** to 21 hours daily. 3266

THE AMBIKA SILK MILLS CO., LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company 11-12, Hains Road, Mahalaxmi, Bombay on Saturday, the 9th June 1945 at 3 p.m. (N.S.T.) to transact the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 1944.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the Current Year and fix his or their remuneration.
5. To transact such other business as may be placed before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 2nd June, 1945 to SATURDAY, the 16th June, 1945 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
MAGANLAL BHAGWANDAS & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 3rd May, 1945.

N.B.: The Dividend, when sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, on and after Monday, the 25th June 1945 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on Friday, the 1st June 1945 and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to the Shareholders to their last given address.

Shareholders are requested to communicate change of address, if any.
3356

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from BONA FIDE residents of the Bombay Province for two Government Scholarships of the value of Rs. 60.- to 75|- per mensem for research work in technical Chemistry tenable in India. Applications are specially invited from B.Sc.'s with Chemistry as their principal subject. Applications from those who are adequately grounded in chemistry, physics and mathematics and who are capable of doing useful technical investigation will also be considered.

Preference will be given to candidates who have had industrial experience or who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of their scholarships. Candidates without industrial experience should not be more than 23 years of age and 24 in the case of non-Brahmins Candidates with approved industrial experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

Further particulars and the prescribed form of application can be obtained from the office of the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay. Applications for scholarships must reach the Director by 15th June 1945 at the latest.
3361

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER G.I.P. Railway, Bombay invites tenders upto 12 hours on 4-6-1945 for constructing Grain Shop at Thana. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3|- being made. These sums will not be refunded. 3358

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Poona invites tenders upto 14 hours on 4-6-45 for the following works:

(a) Construction of a combined Grocery Shop and staff quarters at Sholapur.
(b) Improvements to gang quarters at Sholapur.

2. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3|-. These sums will not be refunded. 3357

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS ARE INVITED on rate basis for levelling the ground and the Construction Work of the Foundations and Plinth of the proposed buildings for the General Hospital, Kolhapur, Kolhapur State.

Plans can be seen either at the office of the undersigned or the State Engineer, Kolhapur. Specifications and Tender Forms obtained from the Office of the Undersigned. The estimated cost of the whole Project is Rs. 25,00,000.

Tenders will be received at the office of the Undersigned upto 4-00 P.M. (S.T.) on 4th June 1945 accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 5,000.

MASTER SATHE & BHUTA,
34-38, Hamam Street, Fort.
Bombay.
3355

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from BONA FIDE residents of the Bombay Province for one Government scholarship of the value of Rs. 75.- per mensem for practical training in Electrical Engineering and will be tenable in the workshops of either the G. I. P. Railway, the E. E. S. & T. Co. Ltd., or the Tata Sons Ltd. Applications will be received from candidates who are holders of the degree of E. E. (Mech.) or B. E. (Elec.) of the Bombay University or the diploma of the V. J. Technical Institute, Bombay, or of the degrees or diplomas from other colleges or institutions which provide courses equivalent to or higher than those at the institutions mentioned above.

Preference will be given to candidates who have had practical experience in workshops and who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of the scholarship. Candidates without workshop experience should not be more than 23 years of age; those with not less than two years' approved industrial or electrical experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

Further particulars, e.g., payment of the premiums to the G. I. P. Railway and the B. E. S. & T. Co. Ltd., etc. and the prescribed form of application can be obtained from the office of the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay. Applications for scholarship must reach the Director of Industries by 15th June 1945 at the latest.
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AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF COUNTRY TEAK, JUNGLE WOOD, ETC.

By order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals Branch, Bombay, Messrs. GANDHI & CO. will offer for sale by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY 30-5-45, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), at Government Timber Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewree:—Country teak, thin boards, short length pieces, off cuts, coniferous side slabs etc.

Terms: 20 per cent deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, VASES, MARBLE GARDEN POTS EIG LOT OF GOLDGILT &, OTHER FRAMES, CHIMNEYS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Deed of Settlement, dated 1st August, 1913 Executed by the late Seth Bomanji Dinshaw Petit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 31st May 1945, at 2-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) at the premises of The Union Bank Building, 1st floor, Apollo Street, Fort furniture etc. such as:—

Cupboards, writing tables, Billiard Cupboard, big lot of Marble garden pots, vases, Gold gilt and other Frames, Figures, Chimneys, etc. On view from the 29th inst. between 2 and 4 P.M.

BENNETT & CO.

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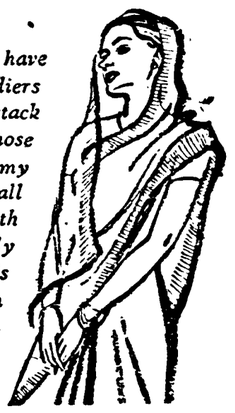
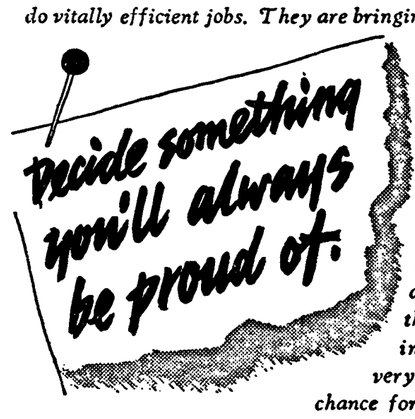


Thousands of women in India have done so already. It isn't only soldiers who win wars.... behind the attack are hundreds of efficient units whose job it is to keep the Navy, the Army and the Air Force supplied with all the things they need to fight with ...many of these units are partly staffed by members of the women's Auxiliary Corps. These girls in their trim Naval and Army uniforms, are proving — to themselves and to the world — that women can be depended upon to do vitally efficient jobs. They are bringing victory nearer but they are doing something more than that .... they are training themselves to play a vital part in the prosperity of this great industrial nation that is developing before our very eyes. This is a chance for every educated young girl to take a step of which she will always be proud and for which her children will always be grateful. Before you finally decide to join, you should find out all about service in the Corps from one of the W.A.C(I) Woman Recruiting Officers (addresses below) or from any W.A.C.(I) Unit Commander.



ASSISTANT TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICERS, W.A.C.(I): Lahore—22, Davis Road. Rawalpindi—Gwyn Thomas Road. Lucknow—c/o T.R.O. Eastern, Hazratganj. Calcutta—c/o D.T.R.O., 28, Theatre Road. Madras—3/18, Mount Road. Bombay—A.F.I. Building, Hospital Lane, Dhobi Talao. Poona—Staunton Road. Patna—c/o D.T.R.O., Exhibition Road. Bangalore—Cubbon Road.

* Women's Auxiliary Corps (India) *

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